PREPARATION

Gane FOR Brue

DEATH:

OR,

Acts of GRACES and pious EXERCISES, in order to a happy END;

Very useful at all Times, but more especially in the Time of Sickness, and on the Approach of our Dissolution.

Done from the french.

EDINBURGH,

For Mr. James Robertion Book-feller. MDCCXXXI

CHOCOUSTON



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THE PREFACE.

Christians, above all others, at all Times to love GOD, Worship him and pray unto him; yet there are particular Innes and Occasions, wherein they are more especially obliged to Acts of Graces and pious Exercises: Such as, when One is attacked with strong Tentations, when One is setting about the more solemn Duties of our body Religion, and when One is visited with Sickness, or drawing near the Gates of Death.

A Person in this last Situation, it is a more peculiar Manner called so the Exercise of the Graces of the Hibby Spirit, because them he may be in danger of perishing exernally, then he

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is more than ever to pray for the Grace of Perseverance, and because then be is to fulfil the first and most indispensible of all the Commandments, which obliges him to love GOD always, but principally at the End

of bis Life.

It is true indeed, we are then the least capable of discharging any Duty; a sick Person generally thinks of nothing but his Illness and Pains, and if sometimes he should lift up his Heart and Mind to Almighty GOD, the uneasiness he suffers, and the Apprehension he is seized with, hinder him from conceiving that Love for GOD, and from making these Acts of other Virtues, which are then so necessary for him to make.

Hence it may be thought a great Piece of Prudence, while we enjoy Life and Health, to make often these Acts which are hereafter set down, lest we bould not be able to make them at our dring Moments.

Besides, the frequent use of these devout Exercises, will grow at last into a Habit, and GOD, whose goodness is infinite, and who desires nothing so much as our Salvation, will

accept

accept of the Preparation we make in our Lifetime, for want of that which we ought to make at our Death.

To fecure then the important Affair of our Salvation, and for disposing us happily for our great Journey of Eternity; it will not be improper at sometimes, as Discretion directs (and the oftner the better) to place our selves in the State of a dying Person, and to confider our felves as at the point of Death. In this View let us. through the Affistance of divine Grace, make confession of our Sins in the Bitterness of our Heart, let us beg of GOD for Pardon and Reconciliation thro' the Merits of JESUS CHRIST, and that we may obtoin the Grace of Perseverance. Les us make thefe Acts of Virtue, and Graces of the Holy Spirit, which are bereafter fet down in thefe Preparations.

It will do very well so bave Recourse to these Preparations, when any one finds birnfeif affaulted with a my violent Temptation; for n more capable to reprefs thefe Acts than the Thoughts of dying.

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Every Particular Performay do the fame, before he goes to the holy Communion; for these several Acts or Exercises of the Graces and Virtues of the Holy Spirit, will contribute very much towards moving the Heart to a Contrition and Devotion, which ought always to accompany that so-

lenn Duty.

Such also who visit the sick, or asfift dying Persons, may make use of some one of these Thoughts or Preparations; but they are to take care not to weary the sick Person with too much Reading; a little Nourishment at a Time, and repeated the offiner, is sittest for weak Persons. And such are also to be minded, to read these Preparations leisurely and distinctly; That the sick Person may the better understand and joyn with what is said.

If one of these following Perparatiene were read once a Week with Serioriness and Devotion in Families, it would prove of great Advantage; for by this Means every one, the never so ignorant at first, would learn both to tive well and to die well, and this would in a stort Time produce such Acts

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Acts of Virtue, as bitherto they have fearce been acquainted with, althouse receffary to be practifed as all.

There are no People, at the Hour of Death, more destitute of spiritual Help and Comforts than the Poor many of them dying without any affistance at all; Wherefore it will be looked upon, not as one of the least Acts of Charity, to difperfe foure of thefe little Books: For an Alms of this Nature will prove of more real Advantage, than if you gave them large Sums of Money; because by thefe Books, you may be a Mean of beding them to de well, which will procure them eternal Riches and Happinefs. And shefe who gine this Charity will not be Lafers byit for the in this World they receive mot ab Hundred Fold, they may hope that the Father of Mercies will reward their Charity with a happy Death, and esernal Life in the World to come.



THE

INTRODUCION,

BEING

A fort EXHORTATI-ON, To prepare One's felf to die well.

F all the Moments of our Life, That is best employed, wherein we prepare our selves for Death; for it is the

most important of all our Affairs, as our Lord himself teaches us in his Gospel, faying, Be ready, for the Hour will come on which you think not. And in the Parable of the Virgins it is faid, That these who were found prepared went in; but the others were rejected. He then that is prepared, enters into Glory, and he that is not, is rejected. Our

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Lord JESUS CHRIST will furprife all those that shall not be found watching, when he shall come in the Night, like a Thiet that comes upon us suddenly.

In the Time of the Deluge, there were but Eight Persons that were prepared, and entred into the Ark, to save themselves from drowning; all the rest were surprised, and drowned in the Waters. We must either perish, or dispose and prepare our selves to die well, since Death brings along with it Immutability; where the Tree

falls, there it will abide.

Now, of all Times, there is none less fit to dispose our selves to die well, than the Time When Death approaches; for Proof of which, innumerable Reasons might be adduced; But the most convincing of them all is, Experience, which daily sheweth us so many sudden Deaths of all Sorts; whereby Persons of all Ages, Sexes, and Conditions, are surprised. These certainly, are Arguments that convince both the knowing and the ignorant. There is not only Dan-

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to The Introduction.

ger, but as it were Certainty, of ruining our felves, by deferring and delaying our Conversion until that Time: Thou thinkest not of it, therefore thou shalt be surprised it is certain, that the Time of Death's Approach, is the most troublesom and cumbersom of our Life. What shall arrive to all at the End of the World, happens to every one in particular at the Hour of his Death; that is, an irrevocable Change of State, or a Pas-

fing from Time to Eternity.

WHEN the poor dying Person is ready to pass out of the World, he tugs and feels nothing. His Soul will fuffer, and cannot; His Breast rifeth; he is not dead, neither is he living; The little Life that is left him, is only to put him in Pain. It is scarce possible, that he who minds only his Pain; should be in Condition to dispose himself for Death. Experience sheweshus, That a fick dying Man is not capable of the least Business; He is never more feeble, never less attentive; he knows not what Refolation to take; He grieves that ever he was

born.s

The INTRODUCTION. 11 born; he cannot tell what will be-

come of him, if his Preparation be

then to begin.

At this Time, there will be no longer Means to redrefs any Thing that is amifs; there is no coming twice into it. It is decreed, That all Men must once die, and after Death Judgment. If I have not learned the Use of my Arms, before I come to the Battle, I shall not know how to fight when I must go to it. I must then exercise my self against the Combate. I must every Day prepare my felf, because of the Uncertainty of my Departure. The Number of our Years is uncertain, lob 15.

THE Reason why GOD hides from Man his last Day, is, That he may prepare himself every Day. The First Preparation is, to live well, Lake xii. 35. A Man that has led an ill Life, can hardly expect a good Death. Take lighted Torches in your Hands, to keep you from being surprised; mortify your Senses, repress your Passions, discusses your Heart from criminal Assertions towards Creatures: During the Time of your Pilgrimage;

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give good Example to your Children, Domesticks, and Inferiors: For at your Death, you must not only leave all, but you must also give an Account of your Sins, and of those which have been committed through your ill Example, or Neglect in correcting them. We must five every Day in the Midst of our Affairs, as at the Beginning and End. The Burning Torches, which our Lord would have us carry, fignify the good Works wherewith we ought to be accompanied. He that put the Talent in the Napkin was rejected and cast into Darkness, as an unprofitable Servant. The Example teacheth us, That while we have Time, we must employ it in good Works, as being powerful Means to prepare us to die well.

WHEN you are engaged to make fome long Journey, you provide yourself with all Things necessary. The Journey of Eternity is much longer than can be conceived, wherefore you must dispose of your Assairs. The present Estate is to work, the Future to be recompensed. We have the present

The Introduction 13
Life only to work in; and after
this Life, there will be no longer
Time to work. Let us live then
To-day, as if we were to die Tomorrow. In Life there are fome
Interests, in Death there are none.
That Man, faith St. Hieron, it no
Christian, who will live one Day in
such a State, as he would not the
int.

A good Death is not found by Chance; many Things are required of us in Health, in Order to attain it. We must daily examine well the State of our Souls, but more especially at certain Seasons fer apart and proper for that Purpose, and not expect till the Night of Death comes, when no Man can work. This we ought to do, to the End we may remedy the Diforders, and whatever is amissing our spiritual State. Again, we ought to make a full Confession of all our Sins, and truly repent of all our Mildeeds. For in a great Sickness, ir is difficult, yea, I may fay morally impossible, to perform these reli-gious Duties aright. A Man without Strength, cannot recal his Memory, nor reflect on his Confcience.

In the next Place, When in Health you go to the holy Communion, go to it as if it were your last. For either you are an Insidel in not believing what GOD has said, or if you do believe him, you are very foolish and imprudent in not being

obedient thereunto.

Woman is ready to ly in, the Mery chant fets forth to Sea, they must all prepare for Death, because in these Circumstances, they are in evident Peril. And for this Purpose, many Obligations that have been omitted must be performed. If you have an Estate, and will dispose thereof, make your Will whilst you are in Health. We are not saved by designing to do good Works, but by doing them.

A S thou despisest not the Grain which thou purrest in the Earth, so oughtest thou not to despise thy Body at the End of thy Life. Thus Joseph gave Command to his Brethren touching his Burial. Act by Advice, and keep good Order according to Charity and Justice: Pay

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your Debts, make Satisfaction to those you have wrong'd. Do Weeks of Mercy, spiritual and corporal. Choose yourself a spiritual Guide, that has Learning, good Conscience and Prudence. The Penitent has no less Need of a Physician for his Soul, than the Patient for his Body. Be careful so to clear your Conscience, that at the last Account you may have your Discharge, ready to produce in Judgment; having always that of the holy Apostle St. John in your Mind, And the Dead are judged, Rev. x. 12.



PREPARATION I.

1. An At of Conformity, or Refignation to the Divine Will.

2. An All of Faith, Adora-

3. An At of Hope.

An Ejaculation to be used before each of the Preparations, or the Sections thereof.

IN the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen. As I do not know the Hour of my Death, nor whether I shall have Time to prepare for it, nor whether I shall have Streng th, or Knowledge, to apply my Mind to the Affair of my Salvation: I humbly beg thee, O my GOD, so accept of these Refolutions and Prayers, which Lumbe at present; and that then will be graciously pleased to accept of this Prepation, for want of that which I possibly they just be able to make at the End of my Life. Amen, I. An

I.

An At of Conformity or Refignation to the Divine Will.

Know, Omy GQD, that nothing comes to pass in this World, but by thy Order, and that a Hair of thy Head does not fall to the Ground but by thy Permission, I know that thou loves me, and that thou dost not defire the Death of a Sinner, but willest that he be converted and faved. I know it is for my Good, that thou half fent me this Sickness, and that no Creature can separate my Soul from my Body, if thou art not willing; I accept therefore of Death, and fubmit myfelf to thy Divine Will, and to wherever thou art pleased to appoint. I have nothing to ask of thee, but that thy Will be always done, and mine may never be done, if it is not conform to thine.

BEHOLD, O loving Father, the Cup of Death, which is presented to me by thy all disposing Provividence, and which appears to me to be very bitter; is there no way to be dispensed from it? if it be possible let me not now drink it; however, let thy Will be done, and normine.

mine.

Pabandon the Care of my Body and Soul, to thy divine Disposition for Time and Eternity. If thou will east me out of this World to thy felf, I am content, thy holy Name be praised. If thou wilt leave me in this World some Time longer to suffer and serve thee, I do not result any Labour, let thy William done, and not mine. O my GOD, my Heart is ready, my Heart is ready to live, and ready to die; ready to go to Heaven, ready to stay in this miserable World; ready to

do any Thing, ready to fuffer any Thing. I have nothing to ask, nothing to fay, I have nothing to defire, only that thy Will be done,

and not mine.

O most gracious Father, who art in Heaven, where thou, I hope, expects me, and where thou haft prepar'd a Crown for me; let thy Name be hallowed and honoured by all thy Creatures. Let thy Kingdom come, and deliver me from the Slavery of the Devil, Sin and Death; let thy Will be fulfilled on Earth, as it is in Heaven; let me, and all that belong to me, my Body, my Soul, my Life, my Health, be dispoted of without any Regard to my Inclination. Grant me only the Affiftance of thy Grace, to fulfil thy holy Will. Permit nor, O my GOD, that I yield to the Temptations of my Enemies, and deliver me from eternal Death, thro' the Ments of JESUSCHRIST, thy Son Col Lord, who liverh and reigneth with thee, and the Holy Ghost, World without End. Amen.

II.

An At of Faith, Adora-

Sovereign and adorable Majefly, who hast placed me in this
World to serve thee, honour thee,
love thee, and keep thy Commandments; Behold me now stretched
out on my Bed, ready to give up the
Ghost, if thou so ordains it. I confess thou art my GOD, the fole
Lord and Master of the World,
the Author of my Being, the Object of all my Hopes, and the sovereign Good, who alone canst
make me happy. I adore thee with
infinite Respect, and submit myself
to all the Truths which thou hast
revealed.

I believe all the following Articles, and will defend the fame to the End of my Life; viz. That there is one God, fubfifting in Three Persons, the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. That he created Heaven and Earth, that he hath given me a Being, to serve, honour and love him. I believe that

JESUS CHRIST his Son our Lord, is true GOD, and true Man. That he reigns from all Eternity, as GOD with the Father, and that as Man he was born in Time, of the Virgin Mary his Mother. That he came into the World, to enlighten us by his Doctrine, to instruct us by his Example, to redeem us by his Death, to enrich us by his Merits, to fanctify us by his Grace, and to make us eternally Happy by his Glory. I believe that he rose again the Third Day after his Death, and afcended into Heaven, that he fits at the right Hand of GOD the Father, and it is before his Tribunal that I am going to appear, to give an Account of all the Actions of my Life.

I confess and acknowledge, that I have infinite Obligations to GOD, for all the Bleffings bellowed upon me, and for all the Evils from which he has delivered me. I adorehim with my whole Heart, and having a poor Life which I have employed almost in offending him; wherefore I declare now, that I am content to lose it,

that I may own his absolute Dominion over me, and by this render due Homage to his infinite Greatness and Majesty: That I may in some measure satisfie his Justice which I have offended by an Infinity of Crimes, that I may shew my Obedience to his sacred Decrees, which condemn me to die, That I may enjoy in Heaven his Divine Presence, That I may imitate his Son our Lord, and that I may give him some Marks of my Love and Gratitude. Annen.

O my GOD, my LORD, O Majesty infinitely adorable, behold me here prostrate with all the Humility that is possible. I consess and declare that I was in the wrong to offend Thee; that I deserve Death and eternal Damnation, and one Hell is too little to punish me. I submit my self with the most profound Respect to all the Dispositions Thoushalt appoint for me.

Those who are somiserable as to be condemn'd and lost, small own and acknowledge, that it is not Thou, my GOD, that are the Cause, but that it is the pure Effect of their

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own Malice, and that they have drawn that fatal Unhappiness on themselves by their own Insidelity, by their Obdurateness, and by the continual Resistance they have made

so Thy Grace.

But, O most gracious GOD, altho' I am unworthy of thy Mercies, thro' the Multitude and Enormity of the Crimes which I have committed; I hope, however, OGOD of Mercy, That thou wilt grant me the Grace to save my Soul, in Consideration of the Tears and precious Blood which thy Son my Saviour shed for me: For I believe with a sirm Faith, That he died for the Salvation of all Men, and for mine in particular; and it is upon this fundamental Truth of my Religion, that my Hope of being saved is grounded. O Lord, I believe, belo my Unbelief.

I do not fear Death, O my GOD, but I apprehend, and aim ternived fee that which follows Death. I apprehend that spenial Duration of Good or Evil, which I am wholly ignorant of, and which I cannot

escape,

escape, but will be obliged to enter to that Place of Eternity. I fear that last Day, which will be the last of my Days here, and will be the First of Happiness or Misery, which will never have an End.

O Saviour of my Soul, who cameit down from Heaven, upon Earth, to fave Sinners, behold here the greatest of all, going to appear before thy Tribunal. I am content to be judged, provided thou put thy Cross betwire my poor Soul and thy Justice; Look upon the Wounds thou haft received for my Salvation, and fee what Expences I have put thee to; Search thy facred Heart, and there thou wilt find what is fufficient to fatisfy for the Punishment I deserve for my Crimes. Weigh my Soul in the Balance of thy Crofs; remember that to feek me, thou madeft fo many Journies; That it was to give Life to me, that thou wast pleased to undergo so eruel a Death; and that it was to make me happy, that shou madest thy felf the most mi-ferable of all Men. Ah! do not lose a Soul that has cost thee so much Blood, and fo many Tears.

I am infinitely troubled for having offended thee; and for a Mark of my Sorrow, I chearfully fubmit to Death, with all the Inconveniencies of Sickness. I am willing that this miserable Body, that has been defiled with fo many criminal Pleasures, may suffer in this World, That the Spirit may be faved in the Day of the Lord.

I disown and detest all that the Frailty of Nature, the Violence of Pain, Force of Tempration, or Malice of the Devil may make me fay or think, will or will not, against the Fidelity and Obedience I ow thee. I renounce also all the Suggestions of the Devil my Enemy; and I protest that I defire to die in a perfect Submission to all thy Divine Appointments. Amen.

I pardon all those who have offended me, and I humbly pray all those whom I have any ways offended, to pardon me; to the End that GOD may pardon us all.

Amen.

III.

An All of Hope.

T is in thee, O my GOD, that I only hope, because thou art my Father, my Creator, and my Redeemer; it is upon thy Goodness, and upon the Merits of thy Son JESUS, that I ground all my Hopes. Whatfoever Crimes I have committed, yet I will never despair, knowing that Despair is one of the greatest Sins that can be committed, and thou wouldst have pardon'd Judas, if he had had Recourse to thee, and have asked Savemy Soul, O LORD, and deliver it from Hell, fince I trust in thy Mercy. Let the Merits of thy only beloved Son, which he has transferr'd to me, supply my Deficiency, and grant that Favour and Mercy to his Satisfaction, which is no Ways due to mine.

Thou feeft, O LORD, to what Extremity I am reduc'd, behold my Body born down with Pains, my

mder.

anderstanding fill'd with Darkness, my Soul ready to depart from my Body, and in danger to fall into the Bottomless Abyss, if thou dost not reach me thy Hand. There is no Body can comfort me in my Affliction, nor give Ease to my Griefs and Pains, nor defend me in my Conflicts; only thou, O my GOD, my Refuge and my Deliverer, hear thou my Prayer, be fensible of my Anguishes, and deliver me from the

Danger I am in.

I recommend my Spirit to thee, and put my Body and Soul into thy Hands; Thouart a G.O.D. of Goodness, who has redeemed me, a GOD of Truth, who never fails of thy Promifes. Haft thou not proteited and fworn, that he who shall put his Trust in thee, shall not fall into the Power of his Enemies, and he that shall eat thy facred Body in the bleffed Sacrament, shall have eternal Life: I have, by thy special Favour and Grace, been a Parraker of these holy Mysteries; may my and Soul be thereby preferved remal Life. I believe in the and enult in thy Mercy, do not pe

mit me then to perish. Take me into thy Protection, and suffer not one of thy Servants to fall into eternal confusion, who has always hoped in thee. Amen.

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PREPARATION II.

1. An At of the Love of GOD.

2. An All of Contrition.

3. An All of Thanksgiving:

4. An Al of Defire.

In the Name of the Father, &c. as in Page 16.

I. An Act of the Love of GOD.

How good is the GOD of Ifrael! O how fweet he is and amiable! He is liberal and patient. O my Soul, let all my Forces praise his Holy Name, for 'tis he that pardons all thy Offences, 'tis he who cures all thy Infirmities, 'tis he who has redeemed thee, and preserv'd thee from the Gulph of Death, 'tis he who crowns thee

thee with Graces and Mercies; 'tis he who fatisfies thy Defires with abundance of good Things; 'tis he who renews thy Youthfulness as that of an Eagle, and clothes thee

with Immortality.

O LORD, how much am I grieved for having offended thee? How could I ever abandon thee, who art the Source of infinite Comforts, to go to drink at the Cifterns of filthy Waters, where there was not one Drop of pure Water to quench my thirst? Wo to my Ignorance and Darkness! Wo to the Time that I did not love thee: I too foon offended thee, O Beauty always ancient and always new; I have too late loved thee, O Beauty always amiable and always bountiful! But 'ris better late than never. I will therefore, ever after, love thee my LORD, because thou art my Strength, my Support, my Refuge and my Deliverer. I will love thee, because thou hast loved me from all Eternity. I will love thee, because thou hast kept my Soul from the lower Hell, and because thou wast pleas'd to make thy self Ba

miserable, to deliver me from enernal Misery: I will love thee, because thou hast given thy self for the Expiation of my Sins and Crimes. I will love thee, because there is mothing comparable to thee, and there thou only canst calm and fill the in-

fatiable Defires of my Heart.

O GOD, who didft create me when I was a pure Nothing, O GOD, who haft redeemed me when I was a Slave, O GOD, who haft loved me when I was a Sinner, who halt faved me when I was loft, who haft fought me when I was gone affray, who didft pardon me when I was a Rebel! What fhall I do to acknowledge these Benefits and to make the Sentiments of my Heart known so thee. Thou haft faid, that there cannot be a greater Love expressed for a Friend, than to die for the Person One leves, I then declare that I am willing die, and I speak from my He and Lips, with one of thy Apolles, Let us alfo go and the wish bi us die for him who died for us, let us die forhis Love, let us die in

his Love, and, if possible, let us die the Death of Love. Amen.

II.

An ACT of Contrition.

Life I look, Alas! it looks to me very dreadful. The Number of my Sins are infinite, their Malice without Example, and their Continuance has been as long as my Life. What shall I do, and whether shall I fly, O G O D of all Goodness and Mercy? I should abandon my self to Despair, if I did not know that thou desirest not the Death of a Sinner, but that thou willest that he should be converted and live.

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Save me then, O my GOD, for I confess that I am the greatest of all Sinners; have Mercy on me according to thy greatest Mercies, wash me more and more, and eleanse me from my Offences, for my Sins are always before me, and fill my Soul with Fears and Trouble,

Trouble, She reproaches me with my Perfidiousness and Ingratitudes, and tells me that I ought to die, since I have been sowicked as to offend thee.

O merciful Father, I have fined against Heaven and before thee, I am not worthy to be called thy Child, it is too great a Honour to be of the Number of thy Slaves. I confess I am a finful Creature, and for a Mark of my Grief, I confent that this Body which has been defil'd by so many filthy Crimes, should be cleansed by Sufferings.

But, What, LORD! dost thou cease to be my Father, because I have forgot that I was thy Child? Hast thou no longer the Intrails of a tender Father, which made thee deliver up thy only Son to Death for the Sake of Sinners? If I have done that which deserves Damnation, thou hast not lost that which can and will save me; do not then enter into Judgment, O God of Mercy, with thy poor Servant, for there is not one living, the never so Holy,

who can be puftified in thy Pre-

O Sweet JESUS! O Saviour of my Soul! O Comfort of the Afflicted! O Refuge of poor Sinners! I cast my self into thy Arms, and beg thee to be my Mediator with GOD thy Father; Remember, I pray thee, that it was' for Love of me that thou camelt down from Heaven to Earth, and it was only for my Sake and to feek me, that thou madest fo many Journeys, and it was to fave me, that thou wast lifted up on the Crofs; and it was to make me rich and happy, that thou becamest poor, and the most miserable of all Men. Thou wearied thy felf in feeking for me, thou sheddest thy most precious Blood to redeem me, thou descendedst into Hell, (as it were) to draw me from thence. O. let not fo many Steps, let not fo many Labours, fo many Prayers, fo many Tears, let not fo much Blood and Torments become fruitless and unprofitable.

Thou hast never despised a contrite and humble Heart. Thou feest mine pierced with Grief; sook upon the Wounds which thou hast receiv'd for my Salvation, see whether thy Father is not satisfied, and whether the Payment does not exceed the Debt. O Saviour of Mankind, do not lose a Soul which thou hast lov'd so tenderly, and which has cost thee so much so save it. Amen.

III.

An All of Thankfaiving.

for the innumerable Benefits bestowed upon me, and for the Evils thou hast preserv'd and deliwered me from, in all my Lifetime. I thank thee, for that thou hast made all thy Creatures to serve me, and for having, while I lived, made the whole Universe labour to supply my Wants, and for my Sansaction and Pleasure.

WHAT Favour is it, That I was born of Christian Parents!
For thy having adopted me to be

one of thy Children? That thou half fed me with the Body and Blood of thy own well-beloved Son in the bleffed Sacrament, and for having fill'd me with thy holy Spirit? What shall I return thee, O my GOD, for that thou haft fo many Ways enlightned my Understanding, for so many Comforts which thou haft poured into my Heart, for that thou haft pardoned me fo many Sins, and for the Patience thou haft had to expect me, and bear with me fo many Years. O my GOD, my Eternity is too little to praise thee for all these Mercies, and Graces. One Life is too fhort to love thee, and to acknowledge these so fignal Mercies and Favours. If I had as many Days as I have liv'd already, I ought to facrifice them all for thy Glory. But alas, I have but one Life, which is thine by feveral Titles, and yet I have spent it almost in offending thee; but what remains of it, O my GOD, and how miferable foever it is, I beg thee to accept of it, in Graninde to the

Guodness. It does not depend

me when to die, and when not; but I die as willingly, if thou so appointest, as if dying depended on my Will. I would ask to die as a Favour, to honour thee by the Sacrifice of my Life, and in some Measure to thew my Acknowledgment, and my Love to thee, by losing the Thing in the World, that's most dear to me.

IV.

An All of Defire.

A S the Hart pants after the Water-Brooks, fo let my Soul thirst after thee, O my GOD and my LORD. I rejoyced when it was said unto me, We are going to the House of our LORD. O fair Jerusalem! O holy City of Sion! whose Inhabitants are united together by the insoluble Bonds of Concord and Peace. O GOD of all Powers! How beautiful are thy Tabernacles! O how rich and how amiable! My Soul languishes away with the Define

of entring into thy holy Palace, in the Company of thy Angels. O how happy are those who dwell in thy House! they will

fing thy Praifes to everlasting

Ages.

O GOD of Hofts, graciously hear my Prayers, and look upon the Face of thy CHRIST: For to dwell one Day in thy House, is better than to be a Thousand Years in the Tabernacles of Sinners. I am here upon the Banks of the Rivers of Babylon, where I mingle my Tears with these Waters. They bid me take my Harp and play, Sing to us a Song of Sion; but alas, how can I fing a Song to our LORD in a strange Country ? O Jerusalem, O holy Sien, let my right Hand forget her Cunning, let my Tongue cleave to the Roof of my Mouth, if I forget thee.

COME, Lord JESUS, come quickly, call me out of this Bamilhment, take my Soul out of this Prison, that it may bless thy holy Name. The Just expect me, make haste to call me to their CompaManual fried

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my, that with them I may peake

THIS is the Prayer that is made to thee by the unworthiest of all thy Creatures and Servants, and who will die overwhelm'd with Joy, because I die a Member of the holy Catholick Church; and in the Communion of Saints, who serve thee on Earth, and reign with thee in Heaven, where I hope to see thee, and love thee with them for ever and ever. Annual



PREPARATION III.

Pious Exercises

On the Sufferings of our bleffed SAVIOUR.

2. In the Garden of Olives. 2.
At Cajaphas's Honfe. 3. Carried to Herod. 4. Scourged in Pilat's Hall. 3. Crowned with Thorns.

In the Name of the Father, Or. as in Page 16.

I.

JESUS CHRIST in the Garden of Olives.

Confider JESUS CHRIST in the Garden of Olives, overwhelm'd with Sadness, fiveating Blood and Water at the Sight of our Sins, and his future Turments, and say to him,

O JESUS my Saviour, who didft fweat Blood and Water, at the Sight of the Sins-which I have committed, and in the View of these Torments, thou wast about to suffer; I thank thee for being despoiled of thy Force to strengthen us, for having taken our Fears upon thee, to encourage us. I adore thee bathed in thy Blood, and I detest all my Sins, which caused thee so

much Sadness.

O bletfed JESUS, the iJoy of Angels and Men, I befeech thee, by the Agony which thou didft fuffer in the Garden of Dolors, by the bloody Conflict which thou hadft with our rebellious Nature, and by the Victory which thou didft gloriously obtain over all that was opposite to our Salvation, I beseech thee by all these, to fortify me against the Terrors of Death, and against the Temptations of the Devil.

THOU knows, O LORD, and thou hast said it, That the Spirit indeed is willing, but the Ilest is weak. Give me then the Strength of thy Spirit, fince thou didst take upon thee the Infirmity of my Flesh. O my Father, if it be thy holy Will, let this bitter Cup of Sieks

Soften my Pains, let me live a lietle longer in the World, that I may unfeignedly repent for all my Sins. But, O gracious Father, let thy holy Will be done in all this, and not mine. I am content to fuffer and die, if it be thy Will I should suffer; only, O L O R D, grant of thy great Mercies my Sins may be pardoned, that I may be reconciled to my GOD, before I go hence, and be no more seen, thro' the Merits of our blessed Redeemer, who with thee, Ore.

II.

Jesus at Cajaphas's bis House.

Consider JESUS brought before Cajaphas, where he was accus'd, mocked, buffeted, and defiled with Spittle, as a Blasphemer, and as an impious Wretch, and casting your felf at his Feet, say to him,

O Wast buffeted and ill usedar the High Priest's House, where thy facred Face was covered with their masty Spittle, as the most impious

of all Mankind, and the greatest of Blasphemers! I adore, praise and bless thee, for having suffered these Injuries and Confusions for my Sake. I am heartily forry for having injured thee so often in the Person of my Neighbour, for having spit on thy Face, and beat thee on the Cheek; because whatever ill Usage I have given my Neighbour, thou look'd on it as

done to thee.

O Saviour of my Soul, I most humbly ask thee Pardon, for the Outrages I have done thee in the Course of my Life. I accept most willingly of Death, and all the Pains I teel, or which thou shalt please to lay upon me, as the just Punishment of my Sins. And I mon humbly befeech thee, O most merciful Saviour, by the Dolors and Thameful Confusions which thou enduredft all that Night when thou wast in the merciles Hands of those infolent Ministers, not to abandon me to the Power of the Devils my Enemies, when I shall be at the Point of Death; but I beg to be put under the Protection of thy Angel

altho' most unworthy, and that I may behold in Heaven that adorable Face, which was abused by Bussess and Spittle, caus'd by my impious, injurious, and dissolute Words, which I have too often spoke, to the Abuse and Scandal of my Neighbour.

III.

JESUS carried to Herod.

Confider JESUS CHRIST before King Herod, who asks him Quefions, and folicites him to work a
Miracle in his Sight: But our bleffed
LORD answered him not a Word,
because he put St. John Baptist to
Death, who was his Voice, and being
an Adulterer, only required to satisfy his Curiosty.

consider again bow Pilate proposed bim to the Jews with Barabbas, and bow the Jews prefered a sedicious Wretch, a Thief, and a Murderer, to the GOD of Peace, and to the Author of Eife. After this apply to JESUS with all the Respect

O Ja Su S, my fovereign Lond, who wast comemn'd by Hand

and the Jews! O! how I am troisbled for having fo many Times postponed thee to the Devil, and offended thee to enjoy a miferable Creature. I own I was highly in the Wrong for flighting thee in to horrible a Manner; and I deferve now, for the Outrage I have done thee, to be abandon'd by all Creatures, to be ill used by all Mankind, and to be forfaken by all my Friends. I willingly fubmit to whatever Sufferings thou shalt meafure out unto me, and to die if thou fo appointest; only let my Crimes be expiated by thy precious Death and Sufferings. Amen.

IV.

JESUS scourged in Pilat's Hall.

Represent to your Thoughts JESUS in Pilat's great Hall, where he is fripped and cruelly scourged by most harbarous Hangmen: See how he is cover'd with Wounds, and how they than Blood from every Vein.

this Sight, if you can, strive to lament him with Tears of Blood, and then say to him with Grief,

O Jasus, the most pure and most holy of all Men, whose innocent Flesh was torn in Pieces by those cruel Stripes, for to expiate by thy Pains, those criminal Pleafures with which we have pamper'dour Bodies ! I am forry from my Heart for the Wounds I have given thee, and which I have so often renewed by relapfing into my Sins. I accept for my Punishment, all the Pains I now endure, and Death it felf, which I expect. I kiss with Respect the Rod with which thou chastisest my Irregularities. O most sweet Lamb, who takest away the Sins of the World, who wast, as it were, flea'd alive, and ready to be facrificed on the Crofs, I befeech thee by thy Dolors and grievous Pains which thou fufferedst by the fcourging at the Pillar, to fanctifie my Body and Soul, and to wash them from all Filth, that I may be found worthy after my Death, to enter the heavenly Jerusalem, where nothing that is unclean can center.

V.

JESUS crowned with Thorns.

Consider your Saviour in the midst of the Band of Soldiers, who platted a Crown of Thorns upon his Head, put a Reed in his Hand, and a scarlet Mantle upon his Shoulders, and in Derison prostrate themselves before him, spitting on his divine Face, and forcing the Thorns into his sacred Head. After you have ador'd him, then with great Sentiments of Grief, express your Sorrow.

O JESUS the greatest of all Kings, and yet now the most contemptible of all Mankind; who wast crowned with Dolors and Ignominies, to satisfy for the Sing which we commit, by so many impure and ambitious Thoughts; I thank thee for being crowned with our Miseries, that thou mightst merit for us a Crown of Glory and

Happiness; I know now that thy
Kingdom is not of this World, and
that 'tis necessary to carry a Crown
of Thorns here on Earth, that we
may be fitted to carry a Crown
Gold and Glory in Heaven.

thy Order, which gives me a great deal of Pain, which makes me feel the sharp Points which formerly pierced thy facred Head. O! how these afflicting Thoughts torment my Mind! O! how many mortal Fearstear my Heart to Pieces; the pangs of Death compass me onall Sides. What can I do in this State, but only ask Pardon, O! merciful Saviour, for the Pleasure I have taken in wicked Thoughts, for the ill Defigns I have formed in my Breast and Mind; for the Irreverences I have committed in thy Presence, particularly, in thy House of Prayer; for the Hypocrifies and deceitful Devotions with which I have covered my Diffimulation and Pride, kneeling as the Soldiers. did in Derifion before thee? As a Punishment for all this, I willingly accept of all the Pains of Body and

Preparation.

Mind which I endure; and I befeech thee, by thy Ignominies and Sufferings, to pardon me.

O Saviour of my Soul, let those Cords which bound thee, deliver me from the Captivity of the Devil: May that ignominious Robe, which covered thy facred Body, be a Mean, that I may be cloth'd with a happy Immortality : And I beg, that that Crown of Thorns, which thou didft carry on thy Head, may procure me, after my Death, a Crown of Glory in Heaven. Amen_



PREPARATION IV.

Pious Exercises on the Crucifixion and Death of JESUS.

In the Name of the Father, &c. as in Page. 16.

I.

JESUS crucified.

Confider thy Saviour nailed to a Cross, where he prays for his Enemics, where he promises Paradise to a Thief; Where he recommends his Mother to the dearest of his Disciples; and where he again recommends this dear Disciple to his holy Mother; Where he is abandon'd by his Father, blasphem'd by the Thief, insulted by the Priests, mock'd and scoffed at by the Jews and Gentiles. After having consider'd him in this deplorable Condition, adore him with Body and Mind, and say to him,

O Saviour of Mankind! O Redeemer of all Sinners! O high Prieft of the new Law! O Judge

of the Living and of the Dead! I adore thee on the Theatre of thy Dolors and Ignominies. I prostrate my felf before the Throne of Mercy. I give Thanks to thee, for having pray'd for me in praying for thy Enemies, for I was the greatest among them, and thou hadst me then in thy Thoughts; Thou didit try to excuse the Jews, who put thee to Death, alledging that they did not know what they did; but for me who have nail'd thee to this Cross by the Sins which I have committed with fo much Knowledge; I that have to many times crucified thee in my Heart, knowing well that thou wert my God, my Father, and my King; I who have fo many Times acknowledged my Fault, and promised not to fall again; What can I fay for my Defence? What Reason canst thou, O powerful Advocate, alledge to God thy Father to excuse me? Omiserable! I am without Excuse, and do not deserve Pardon.

But, O merciful GOD and Saviour, I hope for Pardon, of thy Bounty, feeing thou haft pray'd for me, and that I see before my Eyes that thou didst pardon a Thief, and didst shed thy Blood for my Salvation. Thou knowest that I am not in a Condition to do any Thing towards appeasing thy Anger, or satisfying thy Justice; but what comforts me, is, That I am still in a State of Suffering: For behold me here, O L o R D, as upon a very painful Cross, to which

my Sins have nailed me.

O JESUS, I defire to die upon this Cross for thy Glory, and for the Punishment of my Sins, I defire to be sacrificed on this Bed of Sickness where I now ly; I defire to offer all the Blood that is in me, all the bitter Remedies I am forced to take, all the sharp Pains which I suffer, in Memory of that Blood which thou hast shed for me, in Memory of the Vinegar and Gall which was given thee to drink, and in Memory of those bitter Torments which thou diost endure for my sake.

II.

The Death of JESUS.

Represent to your self the Saviour of the World upon a Cross, where, after baving confummated the Work of our Redemption, after baving suffered all that the Rage and Malice of Men could make a GOD endure, and all that a Man-GOD could suffer from the Fury of Men, after having been (as it were) flea'd to the Bone, abandon'd by his Friends, cruelly persecuted by bis Enemies, overwhelm'd with Pains, and intirely drain'd of Blood, after baving recommended his Spirit to his Father, and cry'd with a loud Voice, It is finished, be bowed down bis wearied Head, and gave up bis Soul to GOD: Proftrate your felf, both Body and Soul, and, touch'd with a lively Sentiment of Sorrow, fay to bim,

O JESUS our divine Pastor, who cam'st down from Heaven to our World, to seek the lost Sheep, and who gavest up thy felf felf as a Prey to the Wolves, to preferve it from Death! O Son of the living GOD, who haft shed thy Blood, and given thy Life to redeem Mankind from the Slavery of the Devil, to deliver them from eternal Death, and to make them partakers of thy Happiness; I humbly give thee Thanks for thy incomparable Love, which made thee load thy self with the immense Weight of our Sins, and with all the Pains due to them.

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I give Thanks to thy facred Heart, for having been afflicted for my fake, and for being plung'd in a Sea of Dolors, to merit for me the inestimable Pleasures of his I thank those fweet and charming Eyes, which have shed so many Tears for my fake, and which extinguish'd, by a Deluge of Weeping, the Fire of the Anger of GOD, which was just going to confume I thank thy facred Mouth, for having drunk Vinegar and Gall in Punishment of my Intemperances, and the shameful Excesses of my Tongue and Appetite. I thank thy adorable Head, for permitting C 3

it to be pierced with fo many mortal Pricks, to cure the Wounds of my Ambition and Pride. I thank those Hands, which have done so much good, and those charitable Feet, that would let themselves be bor'd with fuch rough Nails, and all this endur'd to repair the Evils I do, and the Negligence I have been guilty of in doing Good. In fine, I thank thy most pure and innocent Body, for permitting it to be torn in Pieces by Scourges, in order to expiate those impure Pleafures, and abominable Impurities of my Life past.

What can I do, O divine Mafter, to acknowledge the Charity
which caus'd thee to give thy Life,
and die for me; altho' I had an
Infinity of Lives, I could neither
equal the Price of thy bleffed Life,
nor could I fatisfy the leaft Obligation which I owe thee. O divine Redeemer! I have but one
Life, and tho' 'ris true, it is not in
any disposal, but in thine, it not

being in my Power to prelong it a Minute; however, I am willing to lose it, and I offer it to thee;

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O Saviour of my Soul, and beg thee to accept of it, how unhappy and unfit foever it is, and defil'd with many more Crimes than I have lived Days in the World.

O Father of Heaven, I recommend my Soul into thy most merciful Hands, both for Time and E-

ternity.

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I accept of Death, to honour thee by the Sacrifice of my Life, and to testify by this Sort of Annihilation, that I am nothing before thee.

I accept of Death for an Acknowledgment, as much and as far as I am able, of the infinite good Things which thou haft given me while in the World, for the Graces with which thou haft prevented me; for the Dangers thou haft deliver'd me from; for the Sins thou haft pardoned me; and above all, for having expected me with fo much Patience; and for so often having visited me, by bestowing on me thy facred Body and Blood at the facred Table of thy own Institution.

I accept of Death, to fatisfy thy Justice, which I have provoked by an Infinity of Crimes, by Relapses, and by perfidious Practices; and by the Abuses of all those Graces, which thou hast so profusely heaped upon me.

I receive Death, that I may give thee fome Token and Sign of my Obedience, in submitting to the Sentence thou hast pronounced against me, and in Obedience to thy Divine Will, by which thou hast

ordained that I shall die:

I accept of Death, O bleffed JESUS, that I may drink of thy Cup, to imitate thy Example, to express my Love, and that I may fooner enjoy the Glory of thy Di-

vine Prefence.

O Jesus, my GOD, my Father, and my Sovereign Lord and King, I implore thee by thy Death and Pains, to bless mine, and fanctifie what I endure; do not abandon me, tho' I should be deprived of all human Help and Affistance. Do not abandon me, for all the Devils will do their utmost Efforts to ruine me; send to my-Succour and Defence

fence the Prince of the Heavenly Host. Deprive me, if thou wilt have it so, of all human Comfort, but do not deprive me of thy Grace. If thou shalt abandon me for a Time, do not abandon me

for Eternity.

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I will now fay at this Moment, what perhaps I shall not be able to fay at my dying Moments, My Father, into thy Hands I commend my Spirit, which created it, and which were bored thro' for my Sake; O eternal Father, I repeat once more, that I commend my Soul and Salvation unto thee, and I abandon my self to thee without Reserve, both for Time and for Etetnity.



PREPARATION V.

Pious Exercifes upon the Lord's Prayer.

In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, Ore. as in Page 16.

Our Father.

BELIEVE, O my GOD, that thou art my Father, who hast given me the Life of Nature and Grace, and from whom I expect that of Glory; I rejoyce with my felf, for having so Wife, so Great, so Powerful, and so Good a Father, and I am exceedingly griev'd for having degenerated from my Being, and for having made my felf the Slave of the Devil.

O adorable Father, I have fined against Heaven and before thee, I am nor worthy to bear the Character of a Child of thine, but reteive me I beseeth thee, among the

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Number of thy Servants; and treat me as one of the meanest of thy Hirelings. I am that Prodigal Child who have diffipated all the Goods of Nature and Grace, which thou hast given me, and who now return to thee fpent and weary with Wants and Miferies: Receive me, Father of Mercy, into thy Family, and do not throw me eternally out of thy Presence, Thy Son our Saviour has affured me, That it was for Sinners that thou fent him into the World; pardon then a poor Sinner who asks Mercy, and do not deftroy a Soul for which thy beloved Son fuffered infinite Torments and Dearh.

O Father, if it feem good unto thez, let this bitter Cup of Sickness and Death pass from me without drinking it. Deliver me from the Pains which I feel, and restore me to my Health, that thro' thy Grace I may perfect my Repentance, and be reconciled to my GOD; However, let thy Will be done, not mine's only in Life or Death, grant I may be always and for ever thine. A-

men.

Who art in Heaven.

THOU art in Heaven, O my GOD, and I am on Earth; thou art in a Place of Peace, and I am in a Place of Battle. Thou art in Heaven, as it were to recompense me, and I am placed here to serve thee, Wicked and Undutiful as I am. I hope, O GOD of Mercy, that thou wilt receive me into Paradise, and I ground my Hopes in the Merits of thy Son JESUS, and on the precious Blood he shed for me.

O! when will that Day come, which I so much desire, the most pleasant and happy of all others? O how the World displeases me, when I cast an Eye to Heaven! O Paradise! what ought not one to do, to gain thee? What ought not one to suffer to enjoy thee? All that I endure or can suffer, is nothing to the Price of that I hope for. Happy, O my GOD, are those who live in thy House, they shall bees and praise thee for ever and ever.

Hallowed be Thy Name.

Most holy, and most adorable Name of my GOD, I was not placed in the World, but to honour thee, and I have done nothing while I have liv'd hitherto, but blasphemed and committed Ourrages against thy holy Name. I have laboured for nothing, but to glorify my felf, and by a most horrible Attempt defir'd to mount thy Throne, to be admir'd by the Creatures. I was Wicked, and yet defir'd to appear good; tho' fill'd with Crimes I affected, by a detestable Hypocrify, an Air of Virtue and Piety, which I had not. I crave thy Pardon, O King of Glory and Majesty, and I beseech thee, by thy facred Name, to have Mercy on me, for the Merits of our bleffed Redeemer, who with thee and the Holy Ghoft livest and reigneft, one GOD for ever. Amen.

Thy Kingdom come.

WHEN will it be, O my GOD, that thy Kingdom will come? When wilt thou Reign peaceably in my Heart? When wilt thou be absolute Mafter of my Body and Soul? I have been an Enemy to thy reigning here upon Earth, I have protested all my Life with the Jews, that I would have no other King than Cefor, and for this I deserve to die; I accept Death most willingly in punishment of my Rebellion and Perfidioufness; and altho' I am among the most wicked and scandalous of all Mankind, I befeech thee notwithstanding, not to cast me out of that Kingdom of Peace and Holiness from whence all Scandals are banished.

My Soul, comfort thy felf; behold the Kingdom of GOD approaches, thou hast but a Moment to suffering will produce for thee an eternal Weight of Glory. Fight couragiously to the End, and do

not lose by thy Cowardliness, a Crown which is promised and prepared for thee in Heaven.

Thy Will be done, &c.

O my GOD, fince I have not done thy Will in my Lifetime, grant that I may at least do it at my dying Moments. Is it thy Will that I should suffer here? Is it thy Will that I should live! Is it thy Will that my Pains should be prolonged? Is it thy Will that they should end? My Heart is ready, O LORD, my Heart is ready, to do or fuffer all that shall best please thy Divine Majesty. It is ready to live, it is ready to die; all I defire and ask is, that thy Will be always done, and that mine may never be done, if it be contrary to thine.

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Give us this Day, &c.

I give thee Thanks, O compassionate Father, for having given me fo many Years Subfistance for my Body, and the supernatural Food

of thy Grace for the Support of my Soul; but principally for having given me fo frequently the Bread of Angels, which is the facred Body and precious Blood of thy Son, to

procure me eternal Life.

HAPPY those who shall eat of this Bread in the Kingdom of GOD! O Bread of Life! I now fear Death no more, fince I have had the Happiness to partake of this facred Food. I do not fear my Enemies any longer, because thou art with me. Thus fortified with this Bread, I will walk thro' the Defart of this Life, till I arrive at the Mountain of GOD. Thou haft declared, O Saviour of my Soul, that he who shall eat of this Bread, shall live for ever. Thou canst not deceive us; those who have been united to thee in this Life, how can they be separated from thee after Death?

O JESUS! Give me this Day, which may perhaps be the last Day of my Life, the Bread and Food of thy Grace. Support my Weakness, strengthen me with thy Succours, for fear of falling, and lest I should die in the Way, if I am not

fed

fed and nourished with thy heavenly Bread.

Forgive us our Trespasses.

I am terrified, O LORD, at the Sight of my Sins; the Number of them is infinite, and the Malice extremely great. What shall I do to fecure my Salvation? I cannot pray, fast, repent or perform any Duty aright, without thy Grace. Thou hast promised, O eternal Truth, that thou wilt pardon him that will forgive others, that thou wilt shew Mercy to him who will do it to others. I pardon, with all my Heart, fuch who have offended me. I beg of thee, for thy Mercy's Sake, not to impute this Evil to them, which they have done me. Pardon me also, O just and merciful GOD, and do not remember my Offences, fo as to punish them. Grant this for the Sake of our bleffed Redeemer, who, &c.

And lead us not, &c.

ALAS! What Danger am I in of perishing, if thou dost not succour me, for behold Hell ready open under my Feet to swallow me up; behold the roaring Lion round me, and ready to devour me: But however, altho' I walk in the Shades of Death, yet I will fear nothing, since thou art with me.

But deliver us, &c.

DELIVER me, O my GOD, from corporal Evils which I feel, and which I have justly deserved; deliver me from those of the Soul, which I ought to fear, and with which I am threatned; deliver me from the greatest of all Evils, which is Hell. O GOD of Mercy, do not throw me into that Place of Torments, do not condemn me to eternal Death: For alas! Who can dwell with everlasting Burnings! How can I be separated from thee for an Eternity!

Receive me, O most merciful Father, into Paradise, where I shall praise, bless and give Thanks to thee with the glorious Company of Saints for ever and ever, through the Merits of our blessed Lord and Saviour JESUS CHRIST, who with thee, &c.

PREPARATION VI.

Ejaculations for strengthning a fick Person against the Terrors of Death.

In the Name of the Father, &c. as in Page 16.

N.B. That Fear is Good whilf we are living, but 'tis dangerous at our Death, especially when it is excessive; because it troubles the Mind, closes the Heart, and hinders it to produce those Acts of Hope and Love, so necessary to be made at that Time; belies

fides, the Devil makes Use of Fear, to throw the Soul into Despair, by representing to it the Heinousness of its Crimes, and the Rigour of GOD's

Judgments.

To avoid fo fatal and so dangerous a Rock, it is necessary to prepare for this last Combat, and to fortify our selves by these following Considerations.

MY Soul, how comes it that thou art fo fad? What Reafon hast thou to apprehend Death? Dost thou know whither thou goest, or the Place which is prepared for thee? Thou art going to finish thy Banishment, and to return to thy dear Country, where JESUS CHRIST thy Redeemer, and all the heavenly Host, are waiting to receive thee.

You go to a Marriage-Feaft, where all your Wishes shall be fatissied, and where you shall be inebriated with a Torrent of Delight.

You go to enjoy the Presence of GOD, and possess your sovereign Good, which created you to enjoy him.

You

You are going to pass from Time to Eternity, from Figure to Reality, from Change to Immutability, from Death to Immortality, and from Misery to Felicity.

You are going to the House of our LORD, to remain in a Land of the Living, to reign in a Paradise of Glory, and to swim in an Ocean

of Pleafures.

You are going to see that which the Eye never saw, to hear what the Ear never heard, and possess what the Heart of Man could never conceive.

You are going in to a Country, where you will find all that you can defire, and where you will meet with nothing of what you fear; where you will be no more capable of Sin, nor in Danger of lofing your Soul, where you will fee GOD as he is, and with him poffess all you can wish.

COURAGE, then, Christian Soul, quit this mortal Life, leave this miferable Body where you have been so long Prisoner. What do you apprehend or fear? JESUS died for you, he has satisfied for your Sins,

he has paid all your Debts, he is Bail for you with his Eternal Father, he promises you Heaven, provided that you hope in him. Tis true, you have done little or no Good, but comfort your felf, your Redeemer has done for you. You have not fuffered any Thing for him, but he has suffered a great Deal for you. He has given up to you his Title to the Kingdom of Heaven, which his Sufferings procured him. He has made a Transfer of all his Merits to you. He has affociated you in his Victories and Inheritance. He has fwore, that he who eats his Body, shall not die eternally; and have not you received the facred Symbols? What do you fear then, having such Pledges of his Promifes and Love?

IF he had defign'd to damn you, would he have died for you? would he have preferv'd your Life to long, and expected you with to much Patience? Would he have given you Time to think, and to ask Pardon of him for your Sins? Would he have vifited you in your Sickness? Would he have come

from Heaven for your Sake? would he have come into your House, if he had not a Design to receive you into his?

IF you grieve from the Bottomof your Heart, you will not be loft, but all your Offences will be pardoned. A fincere Repentance is always in Season. One can never be converted too late, when he

is fincerely converted.

LET us go then, O Christian Soul, let us die with CHRIST JESUS; hearken how he calls on you, and reaches forth his Hands and Arms to embrace you. See him upon the Crofs, who still prays for you, and recommends you to his Father. Observe how he ask Father. Observe how he ask Father all such as caused his beath, and are not you of that Number?

OBSER VE again how he sows down his Head; it is for nothing else than to give you the Kiss of Peace; see how he stretches forth his Arms, but 'tis for no other Design than to embrace you. You see his Heart is laid open, to give you Entrance: He has shed all his Blood to redeem and save you, will

not you then give him fome Tokens and Signs of your Love and Gratitude? You cannot give a more fensible one, than to die for him.

You are content to die: Die then, fince GOD wou'd have it. die for the Glory and Love of Tesus; die to acknowledge his Benefits; die to fatisfy his luftice; die for him, fince he died for you; die that you may obtain a Sight of him; fince 'tis certain you can't fee him if you do not first die: But be not weary of Suffering; you have but a Moment to fuffer, and you shall have a whole Eternity to rejoyce in. O Death! the Thoughts of thee are pleasant to those, to whom Life is troublefor and bitter: O how pleasant it is to die, when we care no longer to live.

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A PRATER to be used by a fick or dying Person, or by those who visit such, with some Variation.

O GOD the Father of Heaven, have Mercy upon me now, and at the Hour of my Death -----O God the Son, have, &c. ----O God the Holy Ghoft, have, &c. ---By the Mystery of thy boly Incarnation, Nativity, and Circumcifion, by thy Baptism, Fasting and Temptation, Grant me a happy Death.--By all the Labour, and all the Affliction of thy Life, by that Sweat of Blood thou was drench'd in, and by the Sadness of thy sacred Heart, in the Garden of Gethiemane, Grant me a happy Death .-- By the Torments of thy Passien, by the Wounds with which thy innocent Flesh was covered, by the cruel Thirft thou suffered on the Cross, by the terrible Dereliction of thy

boly Soul, by thy Death and Agony,

Grant me a happy Death.

THAT it may please thee to pardon me all my Sins, and that thourmayst grant me of thy pure Goodness, the Grace to die well. I before thee to hear me, good LORD.

THAT it may please thee to assist me at my Death, to defend me against the Temptations of my Enemier, and to receive my Soul into Heaven at its leaving my Body. I beseech, &c.

THAT it may please thee to deliver me from the Snares of the Devil, to tye up in Chains that strong armed Adversary, and do not permit me to fall under his Power. I beseech, &c.

THAT it may please thee to deliver me from the Temptation of Infidelity and Presumption, of Fear or Despair. I beseech thee, &c.

THAT it may please thee to deliver me from the Temptation of Sadays, Murmuring and Impatience, and too great a Defire of recovering my Health. I beseech, &c.

WHEN in my last Sickness, I come to be abandon'd of all human hit, do not then, O Lord, leave me to my self. ---- When I am without Sarangth,

Courage or Comfort, do not go far from me, O Lord. --- When my Understanding shall be plunged in Dark-ness, my Heart in Sadness, my Body in Pains, vifit me then, O Lord, and supportune in my Affliction.

When the Devils present themselves, to tempt and fright me, to accuse and to destroy me, when my Soul shall be in Conslict with the Pangs of Death, when the shall remove from my Body; O good Jesus, receive me into thy Mercy, and permit me not to perifb.

I am beartily forry and grieved, for having offended thee; Our, GOD, I fubmit to all the Chastifements which thy Justice shall please to instict upon me, and I defire fincerely to love thee when I die, fince I have not loved thee as I ought whilft I lived .-- I am willing to die, for the Glory of GOD, and to testify by this Sacrifice of my Life, that I love thee more than my felf. --- I am willing to die, to shew bow ready I am to obey thy Orders, and to fubmit to the Decree which thou haft pronounced against me, and all Mankind. Idefire to die, that I may fee thee, that D 2

I may possess thee, that I may praise

and love thee to all Eternity.

I am willing to die, that I may never more offend thee, fince I fee I cannot live here without offending thee. I am willing to die in Thanksgiving, for all the Benefits which thou haft bestowed on me in Time; and for those too, which I hope to enjoy with thee for all Eternity.

O Lord, most merciful, bestow on me eternal Life, and may thy glorious Light shine on me for ever. Amen.



Serious Confiderations

In Order to Holy
LIVING and DYING:

On the following SUBJECTS.

I Human Life, | 5 Repentance,

2 Salvation, 6 The Christi-3 Devotion, ans Pattern,

4 Prayer, 7 Death.

CHAP I.

1 On the Shortness of Human Life.

MAN's Days are short. We must leave behind us what we possess and see; and do we seriously reslect on't, in a little Time we shall be summon'd to appear before a dreadful Judge. Are our Accompts ready? We shall die very shortly, and is it not strange we think so little on it? Let us not rely on the Advantage of Youth; Thousands and Thousands

fands have been cut off in that Age. Let us not depend on a good Constitution, when the strongest bodied Men have been surprized by Death.

LIFE is very fort; how many are strangl'd in their Mother's Womb? How many overlaid in their tender Infancy? How many cut off in their riper Years? Daily Experience makes it appear, that there are many more die before Thirty, than live to that Age? But suppose we allow Fourscore Years, is not Man's Life still very short? One Half of it is absolutely lost; to wit, that of our Infancy and Childhood, and that which we lose in Sleep, and uneasse old Age.

TAKE the best Part of our Lives, all that is past is no more than a Dream; the present remains but a Moment, and what is it? In some 'tis taken up in laborious Employments, in restless Projects; by others in Vanity, Excess and Sin; by many 'tis spent in Anger, and Veration; by others, in Anguish, Grief and Tears: A sad

Life, and very thort.

A Drop

A Drop of Water in regard to the Sea, a Spot of Ground in comparison to the Earth, is more than Life, if compared to Eternity. Hear the Judgment of the Damned on the Shortness of human Life; What has Pride profited us? Or the boasting of Riches, what has it brought us? All these Things have passed away like a Shadow, and as a Ship on the shortness waters; as a Bird on the Wing, or an Arrow sent to its desim'd Place, so we, born, soon ceased to be. Wisd. 5. Are not our Thoughts the same? Who will harter an eternal Weight of Glory, for the transitory Things of this short Lite?

EXAMINE your felves, and remember your Lives are short, and very short: Let this be a Motive to the fixing your Hearts on an eternal Life, for which you were created; a Life which is the Happiness of the Saints and Angels.

2 On the Miseries of Human Life.

MAN born of a Woman is full of many Miseries. No Tongue is capable of furnming up the Diseases, Missortunes, or Infirmities, which fo often and cruelly rack the Body: What more common than the Stone, Gour, or a Fit of the Cholick? What moreufual than to have an Arm, Thigh, or Leg broke? How many lame and decrepit are there in perpetual Torment? What bodily Hardships does the Soldier, the Merchant, the Mechanick undergo? Are not these Miferies? Why then are we fo fond of this wretched Life, and fond to an Excess too, to the Destruction of our Souls ?

CONSIDER the afflicting Paffions of the Mind. How often are we dejected by uneasie Melancholy? How often overcome with bitter Grief? With Grief at the Loss of

a Child

a Child, or Parent, with Grief at the unkind Usage of Neighbours? How often are our Hearts gnaw'd with Envy, oppress'd with Fear, Anger and Hatred ? A fad Life! to be befer on all Sides with merciless Enemies; and yet that it should be fo generally carefs'd, that reafonable Men should shake Hands with its Miferies. What can we think ?

THE Soul has her Miferies too: She is blind in her Understanding? depriv'd in her Will, obstinate and perverse; she is corrupted in her Judgment, decay'd in her Memory, feeble in all her Faculties. How many poor Souls are berray'd to the World, are Slaves to the Devil, and liable to his Torments! Are not these the greatest Miseries? Ah! Let us repent of past Offen-ces, and earnestly labour for that bleffed Country, where we may see and love, love and praise, praise and rejoyce, for ever and ever. St. Aug.

EXAMINE your felves, and take care you forfeit not the Life to come, by criminally providing for this

which is every Way full of Mifery. Decline Sin, vigorously pursue the Cause of GOD, and your Souls. Thus will you happily begin a Life on Earth, which shall never end.

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CHAP. II.

1 On the Affair of Salvation.

GOD bas created as without our felves, but he will not fave us unless we concur. St. Aug. Our Souls are our own, and it is our own Business to save them: A Person that has a Suit at Law, may by Means of an Advocate carry his Cause: A Prince may become Victorious by the Valour of his Generals; but 'tis not so in the Affair of Salvation. It is true, we shall be arraigned before an Almighty Judge; but we must plead our selves. Are we prepared for

for it? We have the World and Devils, mighty Enemies, to engage with; and we must fight our own Battles, are we able to do it?

WHAT should we think of the Man, who being very active in foliciting for his Friend, tho' in the Matter of a Trifle, carelesly at the fame Time lets fall his own Cause, upon the Success whereof, Life and Fortune entirely Depends? And is it not furprifing, that this should be the general Case of Man-How many folicitoufly provide for this foolish World, to the prejudice of their Souls? How many lofe their Time in vain Amusements, when they should be working out their own Salvation with Fear and Trembling? Alas! did we but take a Quarter of that Pains the Earmer undergoes in cultivating his Land; the Merchant for purchasing a little Dust; the Courtier to gain the Goodwill of his Prince; the Gentleman in order to Support his Family; we should all be Saints.

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WERE a damned Soul permitted to return to Life, what would it not undergo to fave it felf? Would it grumble at Providence because afflicted? O would it not rather refignedly rejoyce in its Sufferings, and make them the Instruments of its future Glory? Would it think Prayer tedious, or Repentance unneceffary? Would it a fecond Time follow the Suggestions of a corrupt World, and neglect its Eternity? No certainly.

EXAMINE your felves, and let it be your Concern to fave your You were created for this End: It is your one Thing necessary, without which you are loft, and

loft for ever.



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2. The Salvation of our Souls our greatest Affair.

HE Salvation of our Souls is our greatest Affair. The overthrowing an Enemy, the purchasing an Estate, the Management of a Kingdom, are Matters of Concern, but nothing if compared to the Bufiness of Salvation: The best Things in the World die with us; but our Souls are immortal: They will most certainly be eter nally happy or miserable. If we lose our Souls, we lose GOD and All; all is loft, and without Hopes of Recovery. Ab, my GOD! to lose thee is my greatest unhappiness: To lose thee for ever is a dismal Subject of deep Despair: To lose thee for a base Pleasure is a shameful Folly.

What does it avail a Man, if he fall gain the whole Would, and lose his own Soul? or what can a Man

our bleffed Saviour in Mat. xvi. Let the World fimile upon him; Let him be mounted to the Pinacle of Honour; Let him enjoy what his Heart can possibly thirst after in this Life; it will avail him no-

thing, if he lose his Soul.

WHEN our departing Hour shall come (and 'tis certain it will come, tho' how foon we know not) shall we be able to comfort our felves with the Thoughts, that we have been fuccessful in the Affairs of the World; that we have vainly aggrandiz'd our felves, and made a good Provision for Wife and Children, while the main Bufiness of Eternity has lain unregarded? No, we shall repent (and perhaps too late) our unhappy neglect: shall be fenfible of the Waste of Time, of that precious Time given us for the faving our Souls: shall be convinced that the World is Vanity and Vexation of Spirit, Eccl. 2. And we shall bewail our Missortunes, that on account of these Follies we have forefeited our Happinels.

Examine your felves, and let the Affair of Salvation be your greatest Concern. Place it daily before your Eyes, husband well your Time, and think it all little enough to purchase Heaven in. Remember you are marching betwixt two Eternities, choose that now which you would choose at the Hour of Death. Spare nothing to spare your Souls. S. Hierom.

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3. The Salvation of our Souls our only Affair.

THE Salvation of our Souls is our only Affair. It must be so, fince it has been the sole Design of the most blossed Trimity. GOD the Father has created us after his own Image; he has given us a Will, Memory and Understanding, that by serving him we may save our Souls. GOD the Son was made Man, he led a painful Life, and died upon a Cross: And why?

that redeeming us from Sin, we might every one be faved. God the Holy Ghost has called us to the true Fanth, he has fanctified us by his Graces, and afforded us fair Opportunities of doing good; and for this very End, to work out our Salvation.

Thus hath the Bleffed Trinity every Way concurr'd to fave our Souls. Onething is necessary, fays our dearest Saviour, Luke x. Yes, the faving our Souls is absolutely necessary; all depends upon it.

We shall one Day appear before the Tribunal of CHRIST, to give in at the Bar, a full Account of our Lives. Will it ferve our Turn to make this Kind of Plea, LORD, we have done great Things; We have gain'd the Esteem and Applause of Men; We have heap'd up Riches; We have followed our Inclinations; We have spent our Time in jovial Divertisements; We have been kind to our Neighbours; We have neglected nothing but the Concern of Salvation? Will this do? And yet, can the greater Part of Mankind give in a better Account? No, they

will not be able, till they change their Lives.

THE Saints were wife, they efleem'd their Salvation their only
Bufiness, and therefore they spent,
their Lives in preparing for Etermity: And can we think of going to
Heaven, without taking pains for it?
O merciful GOD, pardon our past
Neglects: Our Lives for the surre shall manifest a Change of
Heart, we will save our Souls; we
are resolved upon it: But let thy
Grace make our Resolutions fruitful.

Examine your felves, and fee whether the Affair of your Souls be your only Affair: Remember you have but one dear Soul, and if you lofe it, 'tis loft for ever. Allow your Souls but half that Time which you throw away upon a wicked World, and you'll be glorious Saints.

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4. On the Difficulty of Salvation.

THE faving our Souls is a bord Task. This Truth will evidently appear, if we re-flect on the many and implacable Enemies we are unavoidably to engage with. How many violent Paffions must be retrench'd! How many inveterate Habits are to be overcome, before we can enter Heaven? How strict a Watch are we to keep over our Senfes? How many dangerous Occasions to be shun'd, in order to Salvation? Does not this require indefatigable Labour, Great Grace?

THE World, the Flesh and the Devil must be subdued; the World frives all it can to allure us by Promiles, to gain us by Threats, to feduce us by its Maxims, to corrupt

us by Example.

THE

THE Fless our domestick Enemy, ceases not to attack us with its sinful Charms. The Devil, that watchful and cruel Enemy of Mankind, exerts his utmost vigour to involve us in his Misery. How shall we overcome them? Are these Enemies not to be regarded? Can we think it an easy Matter to conquer them? May they be worstedby the best natural Strength? No, and yet they must be subdued, or we lose our Souls. Salvation is certainly a hard Task.

No wonder our Saviour tells us, the Kingdom of Heaven is to be taken by Violence. No wonder the Gate that leads to Blifs is narrow, and few find it. No wonder the Kingdom of Heaven is compared to a precious Scone. It is precious indeed, we must relinquish every Thing in order to purchase it; we must strive even unto Blood, before we can obtain it.

Examine your felves, and be furprized at the Folly of the greatest Part of Mankind, who vainly imagine they shall go to Heaven without taking Pains for it: Te

can do nothing of your felves; but to the Grace of GOD all Things are possible. Ask it then in your fervent and humble Prayers, and you shall affuredly obtain it.

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5. On the Possibility of being faved.

T is an unquestionable Point of Faith, That thro' the Grace of GOD we may all be fav'd. CHRIST calls upon us, Mat. xi. Come unto me, all ye that are beavy loaden, and I will give you Rest. Come, you bleffed of my Father, poffess the Kingdom prepared for you from the Beginning of the World: Bleffed are the poor in Spirit, for theirs is the Kingdom of Heaven. Would CHRIST have thus call'd us, Would he have invited us to his glorious Kingdom, were we not in a Way of being Saved? Would he have informed us, that the Poor, the Meek, the Chaffe and Humble

ven for them? No, he had never faid it, he had never redeem'd us; GOD had never created us, were

we not capable of Salvation.

IT is Blasphemy to charge GOD with the least Injustice; and it must be a very great one to lay an Injunction on us of faving our Souls, under pain of Damnation, and leave us destitute of all Means to effect it. 'Tis true, the Way of Salvation is difficult: 'Tis true, we have the Devil and other implacable Enemies confederate against us: But what then? is not GOD above the Devil ? And tho' we cannot defeat him by our own Strength, are we not fuccoured by the Divine Grace in order to do it? Does it not support us under the sharpest Conflicts? Is it not our Comfort in the most threatning Dangers.

LET us not be dejected at the Number of our Enemies; there are Legions of Angels to stand by us. We have the dreadful Torments of the Damned to quicken our Slothfulnes; we have the Promise of Everlasting Blifs to encourage us in

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the Combate; what can we defire
more?

Examine your felves, and refolve to do your utmost for the gaining your Souls: It is in your Power to be faved; therefore if you are lost, it will be thro' your own Fault. Reflect on the Opportunities you have had, above Thousands, of purchasing Happiness, and remember, the more you have received, the more you have to answer for.

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6. On the Means of Salvation.

IT is no finall Grace to be born of Christian Parents, while the greater Part of the World lies buried in Insidelity. It is no finall Grace to be educated in the Bosom of the holy Catholick Church, whilst many are led away with Error. It is no slender Mercy to have been instructed in our Youth, and to have had daily Opportunities of saving our Souls. How many at this Time are lamenting

in Hell's Flames, who, had they been favoured with Half those Helps we continually receive, would probably have been Saints

in Heaven?

What mean the Sacraments ? Are they not given us as Helps to Salvation? Are they not instituted for bathing our Souls in CHRIST's healing Blood? How many comfortable Exhortations do we hear ? How many good Books are put intoour Hands, to wean our Affections from a flattering World, and to fix them on a more definable Good? How foon were we taught to pray, and to pray for Heaven? How many Examples have we to excite us to Virtue? We have the rare Example of a crucified GoD: We have the encouraging Lives of Saints and Martyrs; are not these great Helps ? Nay, every respective State of Life, every Sickness, or unfortunate Calamity; our very Paffions, if rightly managed, ferve as fo many Helps to Salvation.

EXAMINE your felves, and fee what Use you have made of these diffinguishing Favours. Repent of

past Neglects, and look upon it as a fingular mercy, that you are not cast off for Neglect of them. Who is the better for your Happiness, besides your selves? GOD is not.

CERTERS/CREATERS

CHAP. III.

On Devotion.

HERE are many Christians who pretend to Devotion, when they have nothing of it. Some think themselves devout, because they are given to Fasting, tho' at the fame Time their Hearts are full of Malice: Others, because they huddle over many Proyers, tho' they make no Scruple of detraeting, or raphly judging their Neigh-Others again, believe themselves devout, because they are liberal in giving Alms, tho' they cannor find in their Hearts to forgive their Enemies : Alas ! fuch false Devotion will never fave them.

TRUE Devotion pushes us on vigorously and chearfully to pursue Virtue. Nothing can come amiss

to the devour Soul. She is like the Bee, that turns the bitterest Juice

into the fweetest Hony.

DEVOTION is the Queen of Virtues: If Love be a Fire, Devotion is its Flame; if Love be a Plant, Devotion is its Flower; if a rich Balm, Devotion is its Smell; which comforts Men, and rejoyces

Angels.

GIVE me, O GOD, the Grace of true Devotion; I know that with it I shall receive the greatest Blessing upon Earth. Ah! The Fires and Racks were Persumes to the Martyrs, because they were devout. Devotion changes the Hardships of Mortification and Self-denial, into Beds of Roses. It removes Discontent from the afflicted; it fills the Soul with an exceeding Delight. O grant me the Grace of true Devotion.

Examine your felves, and labour to obtain this rich Virtue, by withdrawing your Affections from a false World. Pretend no Excuse, for Devotion is suitable to all States and Callings. The Prince may be devout, so was King David.

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The Soldier, fo was the Centurion, and his Servant; the Widow may be devout, fo was Monica the Mother of St. Augustine. The married may be devout, Zachary and Elisabeth were both righteous.

II.

On Fervour in Devotion.

T is not enough to ferve GOD after any Sort, it must be done with Fervour: This Gratitude, and our Interest oblige us to. What has not GOD done for us? He has created us after his own Image, he has redeem'd us with the Blood of his only Son, he loves us exceedingly, and shall we not make a grateful Return to the best of our Power? Nothing is too hard to a Soul, that fervently serves its GOD; his Yoke is case, and bis Burden light to fuch a Heart. Who can be flack in his Christian Duries, when he confiders, that the Happiness of Heaven will be proportion'd to the I F our Services are to be measured by the Master we services to be, when they regard a GOD infinitely Great? The Courtier eagerly solicites his Prince; he studies his Inclinations to prevent his Commands; he readily and carefully executes his Orders; he facrifices his Repose, his Pleasures, and his All, for his Prince's Sake; and shall we not as fervently serve our GOD! O GOD, it is thou alone who deservest our most fervent Homages.

in our Devotions to GOD: Let us pray with Fervour, let us fast with Fervour, let every Action of our Life speak a Fervour. Let us frequent the holy Sacrament, and fervourly prepare our selves for it. Let us attentively give Ear to the Word of GOD. Let us strive against our Failings; let us improve in Virtue; let us separate our selves from Creatures; let GOD alone be the Object of our Thoughts, the Centre of our Hearts. Our Passions are so many Torrents, and it is

thus we are to break the Force of

them.

EXAMINE your felves, and be very fervent in these Duties. Remember that those who came last into the Vineyard, were equally rewarded with the first Comers, because they were more fervent. Ferviour is the Soul of Devotion. Follow then St. Paul's Advice; Be favent in Spirit, serving the LORD.

II.

On Coldness in Devotion.

Devotions to GOD, because we came into the World for no other End than to love and serve him. The same Reafons which oblige us to our Duty any one Day of our Lives, equally oblige us every Day. GOD was our Lord Yesterday, he is so To-day, and will always be so. Ah! Did the Love of GOD instance our Hearts, we should be more vigorous, and servent in his holy Service, than we generally are:

Did the Holy Gooff dwell within us, it were impossible our Souls should be so benum'd, that divine Fire wou'd warm our Breasts.

THE older we are, the more ought we in Gratitude to improve in Virtue, because the Blessings of GOD grow up with us; out of how many Dangers has his Goodness deliver'd us! From what dreadful Precipices does he actually preferve us? How many Graces does he pour down upon us? Alas! We have no Way left for answering these Blessings, but by our

most religious Homnges.

thall we repent in that parsing Moment, that we spent not our precious Time more carefully in preparing for it? Judgment draws on; what a Terror will it be to us, when we shall hear at the Bar of the divine Justice, that dreadful Sentence pronounced against us, Cast the unprofitable Servant into utter Darkness? Matth. xxv. We are entring upon an Eternity; let us now while Time is, prepare for a happy one. What would not E 3

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the Danned in Hell give to be in our Circumstances? Would they be cold in their Devotions to GOD! Wou'd they think any Pains too much to be employ'd to his Ser-

vice? No certainly.

Examine your felves, and fix the like Sentiments in your Hearts. Shake off all Coldness in your Devotions to Almighty GOD; and remember, nothing provokes him more, than to fall off from your former I erwour. Bleffed are they who hunger and thirst after Righteoufmes, Matth. v. Daily renew your good Resolutions, say with David, I have sworn and will keep it, that I will observe thy Righteous Judgments.



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CHAP. IV.

Serious Considerations on PRAYER.

1 The Necessity of it. 2 The Advantages of it. 3 The Conditions of Prayer. 4 Of Distractions in Prayer. 5 Morning Prayer. 6 The vain Excuses of the World in Point of Prayer.

T.

On the Necessity of Prayer.

SALVATION is our Affair; there's no purchasing it without the Grace of GOD: And there's no surer Means of obtaining this Grace, than by bearty Prayer; Ask and it shall be given to you. We must pray, happy Necessity! Which forces us to own our Dependence

dence on GOD, and puts us in the Method of true Humility. We are naturally bent to the Corruption of Sin; we are befet on every Side with threatning Enemies; the World, Flesh, and Devil, with united Force, conspire our Ruin; what shall we do? Fly we must; but whither? To GOD, born on the Wings of Prayer.

Our R Saviour's Life was a perpetual Course of Prayer. He repair'd to a lonesom Desart, where for the Space of 40 Days and Nights he was employ'd in Prayer. After he had laboured all the Day in the Conversion of Souls, he spent

the Night in Proyer.

As he lived in the Exercise, so he gave up his Soul in Prayer, and for his Enemies too, Father, forgive them. Why all this? Was it for himself? No, it was to convince us of the Necessay of Prayer.

O sweetest Saviour, we receive with a hearty Thankfulness this droine Spirit; our daily Wants demonstrate its Nesessity: we embrace it as bequeath'dus by a most tender Parent; we will cherish and preserve

preserve this facred Pledge of Love to the End of our Days; for 'ris then we should beg to die, when we

CEASE to pray.

EXAMINE your selves, and pray that you may vanquish the Enemies of your Souls, pray that you be no more Slaves to Pride, Covetoufnefs, Drunkennefs, Swearing or brutal Impurities; pray to disengage your selves from a corrupt World; pray that you may die a happy Death; pray always.

II.

On the Advantages of Prayer.

CERVENT Projer penetrates the Clouds; GOD can never deny its Requests if duly offer'd. We have CHRIST's Word for it; Verily, verily, I fay unto you, If you shall ask the Father any Thing in my Name, be will give it you; ask and you for receive, that your Joy may be full; John xvi. Ah! What Encourage ment have we here to pop Souls in bumble Proyer? E 5

DOES the Flosh strive to allure us with its impure Baits, Prayer is an excellent Fence against these Concupicences. Does the World attack us with its criminal Excession, Prayer is a strong Barrier against all Lusts of the Eyes.

Doss the Devil tempt us to the Ruin of our own Souls, Prayer has and will defeat him. It is a fure Weapon against Pride of Life.

HAPPY Prayer! which thus defends us from the Rage of our Enemies, and effectually folicites in our Behalf at the Throne of Grace.

St. Peter's Cross, the Sword of St. Paul, the sever'd Head of the Baptist, the Tears of Magdalene, and all the Racks of Martyrs, would never have rendred them such triumphing Saints, had they not been fortified with the Spirit of Prayer. By Prayer they were united to GOD, by Prayer they were swallowed up in GOD, by Prayer they were swallowed up in GOD, by Prayer they were chang'd to a thrice happy Transformation into GOD himself. O LORD, how sweet is thy Spirit? How beneficial the Spirit thou hast left us,

the Spirit of Prayer thou hast re-

commended to us.

Examine your felves, and refolve upon embracing the good Advice of the Apostle St. Paul,
Pray without ceasing. Pray when
ye awake, pray before sleeping;
pray for your Friends and for
your Enemies. In the Time of
Temptation, pray as earnestly as
Seamen in a Storm, who are every Minute lifting up their trembling Hands and weeping Eyes to
Heaven. Let the Innocence of your
Lives be a perpetual Prayer.

III.

On the Conditions or Manner of Prayer.

THERE's hardly a Day passes
over our Heads, but we say
our Prayers; and yet in all
appearance we are never the better
for them; our Lives are as corrupt
as ever, we are subject to our,
usual Weaknesses and Failings, Humount

mour and Inclination get the upper Hand, and push us on to almost every Thing we do. How comes it? What can be the Reason our Prayers have fo little Effect, when CHRIST has given such Assurances of granting our Petitions? The Case is evident, we pray not as we

ought.

WE are to bumble our felves in the Presence of GOD, we are to go to him as Beggars for an Alms, as a fick Man to his Phyfician, as a Criminal to his Judge to fue for Mercy. ' Alas! how unworthy are we, wretched Worms, to ask a Fayour, and personally of him too, in whose Presence the awful Angels tremble!

Oun Prayers must be fervent; what we beg is the Grace and Love of GOD, the Source of our Happiness in this World, and eternal Happiness in the World to come. Does not fuch a Perition deserved ly tequire our best Endeavours? In our temperal Addresses we beg and pray, we are not cold nor flothful, but over folicitous for gaining our Ends; and shall we be less concem'd

for Death. Tog cern'd in the Bufiness of Eter-

nity.

An unshaken Constancy must accompany our Prayers. GOD many Times grants to Perseverance, what he denies to Prayer'; had the Canaanisifb Woman left our Saviour at the sharp Repulse she first received, probably her Daughter had never been cured. Grace would lose its Estimate, Heaven would fink beneath our Care, if every Sigh, or a few Words could obtain what they

ask at every Turn.

EXAMINE your felves, and let your Proyers be accompanyed with these Three Conditions, Humility, Fervency and Perfeverance. If they be not, your Proyers will turn but to little Account. Be fure to be untainted with wilful Sin, for the Prayers of the wilful Sinner are a Provocation to GOD; instead of Mercy he draws the Divine Vengeance on his Head. Be but as earneft and folicitous in your Proyers, as you are in your Petitions to fome temporal Power, and your Work is done.

IV.

On Diffractions in Prayer:

T is an usual Thing to be distructed in Prayer. The Reason thereof, in the better Sort of Chriftians, is the Feebleness of Nature, and the Artifice of the Devil, who labours all he can to difcourage them at that Time in their pious Undertakings. In backward Christians, they spring from Sloth, from the little Concern they have for advancing in Perfection, and from their eager Affections to the Things of this World; For where their Treasure is, their Hearts are alfo. Mat. vi.

Distractions will never hurt us in case they be not voluntary: Let us not be too much troubled at them, especially since they are often Times the Effect of Mercy: They are often permitted for a Trial of Humility; to make us sensible of our weak Selves; and to own a total De-

pendence

pendence on GOD. They are permitted as a Punishment of past Neglects, and in order to rouse our drooping Thoughts: They are oft-times permitted for a Proof of Patienca, and consequently to augment our Glory in Heaven: Why then are we troubled?

O GOD, I do not wonder I am subject to Distractions; I see I can do nothing, even when I most defire it, unless supported by thy helping Grace, which I little deserve. Pardon, I beseech thee, all my past wilful Neglects; I am resolv'd for the suture, speedily to recal my wandring Thoughts; I will remember in whose Presence. I am, and where fore I speak: a Holy Intention, with a Petition for thy Grace, shall go before my Prayers.

Examine your felves, and fee if thefe be your good Purposes. Be fure to thun all wilful Distractions in the Time of Prayer; not to do it, is to mock GOD. Be not dejected at unwilful Ones, fince your Prayers are not the less fruitful upon, their Account. It will be a great Help to you, seriously to reflect on the

the Place you are in, and that it is to GOD you speak. Say with Holy David, Let the Words of my Mouth, and the Meditations of my Heart, be always acceptable in thy Sight, O LORD, my Strength and my Redeemer.

V.

On Morning Prayer.

MORNING Proyer is one of the most effential Duties of a Christian. GOD is our LORD, and therefore we must serve him; he is our last End, and therefore our first Thoughts are to be directed to him. The wise Man shall, in the Morning early, give his Heart to GOD who made him. Eccl. xxxix. Is this our Practice? For shame, let not the early Homages of the Pagans to their wooden gods, out-do us Christians.

EACH Moment of our Lives affords us fresh Instances of Divine Bleffings, and can we be too forward in making a Return of Gracitude for them? Many have gone in good Health to fleep, and never walted more; so sudden a Death, and perhaps an eternal one too, might have been ere this our unhappy Fare, had not a merciful GOD preserved us: And shall not the first Thoughts of our awakned Hearts be an humble Thanksgruing for so great a Mercy? Had we a true Love for GOD, and Concern for our Souls, our morning Thoughts would be directed to hum.

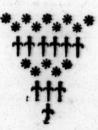
LET us but confider the dangerous and daily Occasions of Sin, in
which we are engag'd; the violent
Tentations with which we are befet,
the Business of the World, which almost ever takes up our Thoughts,
and we shall be forc'd to own an
absolute Necessity of Morning Prayer. This was the constant Practice
of the Royal Pfalmist, My Voice
shalt thou bear in the Morning, O
LORD; in the Morning will I direct
my Prayer unto Thee, and will look
up, Pfal. v. I will offer up and
consecrate my first Thoughts to
ther,

114 Preparation

thee, that I may fpend the follow-

ing Day in thy Service.

Examine your felves, and be faithful in the Performance of this indispensible Duty. In Acts of Adoration, Love, Thanksgiving; in Acts of Sorrow and Detestation for past Offences, make an Offering of your selves and of all the Actions of the Day, every Morning of your Lives; let the like Devotion be your Evening Exercise. Examine your Consciences, and let no Pretence put by this Duty. Beg the Grace of dying well, and finish every Day as it were to be the last of your Lives.



VI.

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On the vain Excuses of the World in Point of Prayer.

knows my Wants. It is true, and he will have us know them too by fervent Prayer. Ask and it shall be given you, not otherways. Well, I would willing by pray, but can find no Time for it; a poor Plea indeed! we can find Time for eating and drinking, far unnecessary Sports, for supersuous Visits, for idle Talk; and none for Prayer, upon the Performance whereof an Eternity depends!

I would fain pray, but the Bufiness of the World takes up my Thoughts. Alas! for this very Reason we ought to pray the more. How can we hope for Success in our Affairs, if we neglect to recommend them to the Hands of Providence, from whom all is derived? But my Concerns are of Importance.

Sup-

Suppose so; is there any temporal Concern to be balanced with those of the Soul! If Affairs be pressing, can we not set aside one Quarter of an Hour for devour Prayer, or raise our Hearts to Godamidst Employments, by pious Ejaculations?

It is in Vain to pray, fince my grievous and repeated Crimes make me defair of Mercy. Unhappy Artifice! does not our Bleffed Jesus encourage every Sinner, with a Come out on me all ye that labour and are beauty loaden, and I will give you Rest? Mat. 11. Does not the Pfalmist bid us Call upon GOD in the Day of Trouble? Ought the fick Man not to have Recourse to his Physician, because his Disease is desperate? Ought the Criminal not to sue for Pardon, because his Crimes are hainous.

Examine your felves, and fay with the Publican, Lord, be merciful to me a Sinner. Say with the Church, We Sinners befeech Thee to bear at. Let not these unchristian Presences enter your Thoughts. When you go to Prayer, make Choice of a convenient Time and Place, the bet-

ter to recollect your wandring Thoughts. It is not in a Multirude of Proyers that Devesion confifts, but in the faying them well.

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CHAP. V.

Serious Confiderations,

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1 On Repen- | 3 Death-bed Re-

2 The delay-ing it, pentance, 4 Refolutions of Amendment

On Repentance.

HERE are but two Ways I that lead to Heaven; the Way of Imocence, and the Way of Repentance. If we go not by the first Way, we must take the fecond. Every Somer muß repent or barn. S. Chrys. We have sufficient Opportunities offer'd, and why do we neglet them! A Self-denial, a truly penitent Tear, what will it not effect! effect! A contrice and humble Heart, OGOD, thou wilt not de-

REPENTANCE a a Distance appears severe; it seems to breathe Blood and Tears, its entertaining Discourse is of Combats and Tempeanions: But if we draw the Prospects nearer, we shall find it comfortable, and followed with a Joy far surpassing its seeming Difficulties. If it be a fad Misfortune to provoke GOD by wilful Sin, how great a Comfort must it be to poffes him by Repentance? If it be an Unhappiness to the Sinner to be a Slave to his Paffions, and rack'd at the View of his repeated Crimes; what an unspeakable Comfort must it be, to fee his. Crimes effaced, and his Conscience appealed by a true Repentance?

ARE you in Sin, Repent. Have you neglected the Concerns of Erernity, Repent. Have you divided your Hearts betwixt GOD and the World, Repent. There is Joy in Heaven at the Repentance of

a Sinner.

Examine your felves, and fee if

your Repentance has been fincere: It is not enough to fay, you repent; your Lives must shew it. Many delude themselves in this Particular; if they knock their Breasts, and cry, Lord be merciful to me a Sinner; if they run over an Act of Contrition they meet with in their Prayer Books, they conclude their Work done; but alas! it is to be fear'd they are too often deceived.

II.

On the Delay of Repentance.

T is a Saying of St. Gregory, He that has promised Pardon to those who repent, has never promifed true Repentance to those who defer it. One of the most crafty Slights of the Devil, to keep an unhappy Soul in his Poffession; one of the most dangerous Errors we flide into, is the deferring our Repentance from Time to Time, till it be past all Time. It is an Error, the most pernicious, because in the Matter of the highest Concern; it is an Error the most impious, because it springs not from Ignorance, Surprize or Inadvertence,

tence, but from down-right Ma-

SHOULD a Man's House take Fire, and a Friend run in to give him Norice of it, before the spreading Flame had laid hold of the main Timber, it would be an Argument of the greatest Folly, to reply, There is no hafte, let it burn on till the Fire has reached the Foundation, and then bring the Engines. It is the very Case of the delaying Sinner; his Soul is in a Flame with a long Habir of Sin; it is burnt up with lawless Passions more raging than Fire; he is advis'd to repent, he cannot at prefent; let the Fire first fink into the Bottom of his Soul, and then he'll think on't. Unhappy Soul! is it an uneafie Thing to return to thy offended GOD! Is it an Uneafiness to be deliver'd from the Fetters of thy Paffions, From the Slavery of the Devil, from the Precipice of Hell? Be not thus deceived.

But thou wilt repent hereafter: How dost thou know, thou wilt he hereafter, much less that thou that repent hereafter? Hast thou the Times and moments at thy own difpofal? Thou cannot be so presumptuous. The damned in Hell said, They would Repent bereafter; but it prov'd not so. How dost thou know, but thy Lot may be the same? Nothing can provoke God more than an im-

penitent Heart.

EXAMINE your felves, and fail not to follow the Advice of the Holy Ghost: Make no tarrying to turn to the Lord, and put it not off from Day to Day. Eccles. v. Remember a Christian has no To Morrow. Let the wretched Delay of the damn'd in Hell, be an awakening Consideration to move you to a speedy and effectual Repentance.

III.

On Death-bed Repentance.

A True Change of Heart is a Point of the greatest Difficulty; as it is impossible to wash an Ethiopian White, or to take off the natural Spots from a Leopard's Skin, so likewise is it for the habitual Sinner to convert himself F

Mercy. If so, at all Times, What can we think of the dying Sinner, When he is rack'd with the gripping Torture of his Sickness, when his Spirits are spent, his Strength decay'd, when his Soul is tos'd betwixt a thousand Agitations, when his Thoughts are dash'd at the Horror of his crying Sins, and a fatal Eternity? What can we think? Have we not Reason to suspect the Sincerity of his Repentance, and that Sin leaves him, and not that he leaves Sin.

WHAT if the Minister shall put in his Mouth, a Lord bave Mercy on my Soul? Will this do? Will it make amends for his loss of Time? For his spending it in Sin? Will this be Satisfaction for his Neglect of the Inspirations, Graces, and Calls of his merciful Lord? Will this arrone for the multiply'd Sins of his Life past? It is well if that Commination of our blessed Saviour be not here too truly verified, I will go away, and ye shall sook me, and ye shall die in your Sint.

John viii.

SIN is to be retrench'd by the Practice of Virtue, the proud Man must become Humble, the lustful Chast, the passionate Meek, the slothful Fervent; And can this be in a Moment? Where is that due Examination of Conscience, that hearty Contrition, that sincere Confession, necessary for the wiping off the Guilt of Sin? It is much to be fear'd, that as the Sinner in his Lifetime forgot God, so at his Death he'll storget himself.

EXAMINE your felves, and timely resolve upon entring on the Business of Repentance. Let it be accompany'd with vigorous Resolutions of Amendment. Watch and study all the Motions of your Heart, what Passions are most Predominant, what Inclinations second them, that you may be the better able to subdue them by an early

Repentance.

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IV.

On Resolutions of Amendment.

The reftles Enemies of Mankind, which ly in wait for our Souls; The natural Corruptions and Imperfections of our Hearts; Our Insufficiency and Coldness in what regards Salvation, are Proofs of the Necessity of repeated Resolutions for a virtuous Life. Thinking and resolving go Hand in Hand, there is no reaching Heaven with-

out them both.

It is for want of true Refolation, that the greatest Part of the World unfortunately miscarries, by relapsing into Sin, and by living in Sin. It is for want of resolving, that the better Sort of Christians find a discouraging Coldness in the Practice of Virtue, make small Improvement, and are as subject as ever to multiply'd Failings. What caus'd the Martyrs to lay down their Lives? Their good Resolutions. What fills Heaven with glorious

glorious Saints? Good Refolu-

WHAT are our Refolutions? Are they not like our Prayers, in general Terms only? Are they not weak and imperfect Refolutions? These will not do. No, they must be ferious, strong and entire, like those of the Saints, if we hope to have a Part in their Happiness. Heaven is the Reward of Resolutions begun on Earth. We must resolve to shun Sin and embrace Virtue; to spend our Time well, and retrench all Failings, if we hope to find it.

EXAMINE your felves, and stand to your Resolutions. Renew them daily. Let no Circumstance of Life be a hindrance to you; let this be your Prayer, Help me, O Lord, in my good Purposes, and in thy boly Service; and grant that I may perfectly begin now, since what I have bitherto done is nothing. Imit. Christ, l. I. C. 19.

ACTOR SOME DESCRIPTION

CHAP. VI.

The Christians Pattern.

I.

On the Example of Christ.

C HRIST bas suffered for you, fays St. Peter, leaving you and Example that ye tread his Steps, I Peter 2. We are willing to follow the Example of a good Friend, nothing hinders us: Let our Prince fet the most difficult Example, let him hazard his Life in the furious Heat of Battle, we are prepar'd to die with him: Christ is our Friend, he is our best Friend, and are we as ready to follow him? He is our King, no earthly King can compare to him; and are we ambitious of serving him? It would he a happy Ambition indeed.

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JESUS CHRIST has ranfom'd our Souls with the Price of his Blood, by dying for us; he has raifed us to the highest degree of Honour; he has given us a Right to the Kingdom of Heaven, and are we disposed to follow his Example to the Essusion of our Blood? He desires no more, than that having given us inrirely his most loving Heart, we reciprocally on our Parts return him ours.

CHRIST has humbled himself. that we Christians may do the same, at the fight of our Offences. He meekly bore with the Infults of the Fews for our Example. He cured the Deaf and Dumb, and Blind, to stamp on our Hearts fraternal Cha-He led a poor and obscure Life, to recommend to us a Poverty of Spirit, and to fly vain Glory. He drank of the bitter Cup of Affliction, to engage us to submit to these Scourges the divine Justice shall lay upon us: And after all, shall we do nothing for our felves? Ah! that these were the true Sentiments of our Hearts, Master, Pll follow thee where ever thou goest, Matt. 18. ExEXAMINE your felves, and if you really defire to crush finful Pride, to disengage your Hearts from brutal Pleasures, or to wean your Affections from a vain World, be sure to meditate often on the Life of CHRIST. By a diligent turning of our Eyes on our divine Master, we shall most effectually surmount the Attempts of our Enemies, and come at length to our unspeakable Comfort, to form him in us. Gal. iv.

II.

On the Imitation of Christ.

Am the Light of the World, he that follows me walks not in Darkness, John viii. Had we a true Sense of Jusus Christ, did we love him with all our Hearts, it would be natural to us to copy his Example. One of the most sensible Arguments of our Love, is the passionate Desire we have of being united to the Person whom we love, and this Union is effected by

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a Refemblance of Heart. How unspeakable a Happiness must it be, to have our Hearts united to the Heart of Jesus, to have our Hearts burning with the Love of Jesus, to have them inflam'd with his Zeal for Souls, embellish'd with his Innocence, emboldned by his Patience, to suffer any Persecution!

CHILDREN naturally imitate their Parents, and one Friend another. Jesus Christ is a loving Father to us; he is a true Friend, and are we not firred up to an Imitation of him? Our eternal Interest depends upon it; and will

not this move us?

What's more honourable, than to tread the Steps of a God-Man? What more noble, than to fight and conquer with him? Our bleffed LORD exacts nothing from us, but what himfelf has done. If he invites us to carry our Crofs, he has done it to the utmost Rigour: If he exhorts us to use Violence to our Passions, he has already practifed it; If he has oblig'd us to pardon Injuries, wonder not, it was his experiment.

piring Breath on the Crofs, Father,

forgive them, Mat. xxviii.

EXAMINE your felves, and endeavour to transcribe the Virtues of your Original into the Copy of your Lives. Let the Eample of CHRIST be the Rule of your Actions; Let it be the Object of your Thoughts; in your Studies, at your Work, when you awake, before you fleep, at all Times, and in all Occurrences of Life, think on JESUS.

III.

On the Conformity of a Chriflian to the Life of Chrift.

Have given you an Example, that as I have done, so do you likewife, John xiii. 'Tis what CHRIST speaks to every one of us. To be a Christian, is to conform to Jefus Christ; to deviate from him, is to be in Ellett a Heathen. I am in vais a Christian, fays St. Bernard, if I fol-JESUS CHRIST has raught.

that the brightest Glory is for

upon Humility; that the Happiness of a Christian, is to be sought a-midst Sufferings, the most durable Riches in a true Poverty of Spirit. He has told us, we must renounce our selves, that we must check our Inclinations. Let us sound our Hearts. Are these our Sentiments? If not, there's no pretending a Conformity to the Life of Christ.

JESUS CHRIST loved to Suffer, he lov'd Humiliations. He lov'd them, because they were the only Means for propagating the Glory of his heavenly Father, and the Salvation of Mankind. Do we partake of the like Affections? Do we resignedly submit to the divine Appointments? Are we ready to engage in what concerns the Honour of God? This is, to conform to Christ.

THE End of Christ's Actions was the Glory of his Father. His curing the Lame, the Deaf, the Blind, his preaching, exhorting, and converting Souls; his eating, sleeping, and whatever he did, was always referr'd to the Glory of his Father. Is the Honour of God the

End of our Performances? It must be so, if we think of conforming to the Life of Christ. There is no Action of Life, even the most indifferent, but what may be functistied by a Christian Intention.

EXAMINE your felves, and conclude with this humble Confession of your past Miscarriages. Most merciful Saviour, I acknowledge thy Goodness in making me a Christian, and am confounded that I have so little complyed with the Character. I crave the Grace of a hearty Repentance, and that thou wouldst enable me for the future, to conform my Life to thy unblemished Original.

IV.

On the Love of CHRIST.

THE Measure of Love is to love without Measure; such was the Love Jesus Christ bone us. He loved us more than we loved our selves; He loved us more than the Blessed in Heaven can love him;

him; tho' they are swallowed up in Love, he preferred the Love of us to his own dear Life; he died to save us. Ah! let us never be so ungrateful, as not to return Love for Love.

WE love our temporifing Friends, and shall we not love our best of Friends, Jesus Christ? It is true, he invites us with Promises, he presses us with Blessings, he solicites by Inspirations; he obliges us by Threats, to give him our Hearts; but for no other End but for our own Sakes. Little Advantage will accrue to him by the Return of our Love. When we have done our utmost, we are still unprofitable Servants, Luke xvii.

CHRISTIANS, CHRIST has loved us to an infinite Degree, he loved us when we knew him not, he loved us when in the Jews we conspired his Death; and tho' perhaps at this very Time, hustepeated Crimes, we crucife him again, he loves us still; and because he is forc'd to use a Charm to soften our stony Hearts, see, he composes a Love-Potion, he gives us his Bade.

and Blood for our Food. O how unipeakable is the Love our JESUS

bears us ?

M Y Soul, should thy Saviour put the Question to thee, as he did to St. Peter, Peter doft thou love me ? Couldit thou fafely answer, O Lord, thou knowest that I love thee? Would not the little Scruple thou makeft of offending him, thy Backwardness in Virtue, thy Ingratitude and Insensibility in regard to past Favours, bely thy Words ?

EXAMINE your felves, and fee If you have not been cold in the Love of CHRIST; reclifie past Omiffions, and let your Prayer be that of St. Augustine, O. Lord, I know thou baft commanded me to love thee; give me necessary Grace to fulfil thy Comwands, and command what thou wilt.

On a Confidence in Chrift.

HO' Sin be in a Manner infimire, in as much as it attacks an infinite Majefty; yet notwith-handing its Malice, Christ by his Death, has made a fuperabounding

Satisfaction for all the most crying Sins of Mankind. And altho' he might have otherways atton'd for them, yet it was his Will to Suffer; he shed his Blood, and not a Droponly, which would abundantly suffice, but he was resolved to shed even the last Drop of it. O how great a Subject of Considence must it be to a Christian Heart, to see such an Overslow of Merits purchased by the Susterings of his dying Lord!

BUT for whom did Christ die ? For us Sinners; and at in Quality of our Head, he shared out Mifery; fo in regard we are his Members, he has communicated to us the Treasures of his Grace. What Motives of Confidence . Who now can Defpair, when he confiders his God has fatisfied for this Sins by dying for him? Yes, Christians, the Ransom is paid; we have a plentiful Redemption. It only remains, that we feriously endeavour to apply the Merits of our Redemption to our helpless Souls, for without this. Application, we are still lost.

WE will then confide in the Merits of our Saviour: Let the De-

reil beset us with the worst of his Temptations; Let him strive to oppress us by Sadness of Mind, or bodily Afflictions, we need never fear him, provided we seek Refuge in the Wounds of Jesus, or shelter ourselves within his Heart, so often pierced with the Love of us. Great is my Injustice, says the pious St. Augustine, but much greater is the Justice of my Redeemer.

EXAMINE your felves, and ever confide in the Merits of your Redeemer. Let it be a Motive to you, in Order to bear up under the sharpest Trials. In the Time of Temptation, fay from your Heart, In thee, O Lord, I have boped, let me not be confounded for ever.

Pf. 30.



ALTER BEINGBOOK SUBSTITUTION OF THE

CHAP. VII. Of DEATH.

Its certainty,
 The uncertainty of the Time,

 Of the Death of the Sinner,
 Of the Death of the Righteous.

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Its certainty.

DEath spares no one: Is is decreed all Men must die, Heb. ix. It is not in the Power of Man to reverse this Decree. It reaches from the Throne to the Cottage, and universally includes all Mankind. The Day will come, when these Bodies shall be the Food of Worms; and why do we pamper them? The Hour will come, when

when we must take a long Farewel of the dear Things of this Life; and why do we fet our Affections on them? We must bid adieur to our dear Relations, good Friends, and plentiful Estates, and take our Way into another Country, where all we fet fuch a Valueupon here, will appear as Smoke.

GOOD GOD! Is it possible that Men should think so little on Death, that they should live and fin, as if they were Immortal! That Pride, Anger, Detraction, Impurity, &c. should be the daily and fatal Practice of our Lives! O give me thy Grace, that my Life may be a Preparation for this last Hour. I see 'tis a hard Matter to die well; I believe Thousands have unhappily miscarried: I know a good Death entirely depends on a good Life.

CHRISTIANS, What Preparations do we make for this last Step, which has caused even the greatest Saints to tremble? Go forth, my Soul, (cry'd St. Hilarion at the Point of Death) why art thou afraid? theu bas near 70 Years

ferved thy GOD, and dost thou fear Death? If this great Saint was thus fearful of Death, ought we not to dread it? Let us, by Selfdenial, by Prayer, and good Works, lay up Provision for that Country, where we shall find no other than what our selves have fent before.

EXAMINE your felves, and be very careful to avoid Sin, the only Evil that makes Death uneafie. Fix Death always before your Eyes. Keep that Warch over all your Thoughts, Words and Actions, as if you knew them to be the last of your Lives. Remember you are Dust, and to Dust you must return.

II.

The Uncertainty of the Time.

When shall we die? Shall it be in Winter or Summer, by Day or Night; a Week, a Month, a Year hence? The Time is uncertain: We know not the Day nor the Hour, Mark xiii. Where shall we die? Shall it be at home or abroad?

broad? In our Beds or at the Table? The Place is uncertain. How shall we die! Shall it be by a Fever, or the Sword? Shall it be violent or natural? The Manner is uncertain.

WHAT Helps shall we have? Shall we have the comfortable Affiftance of a Church-Man? A timely Opportunity of worthily receiving the holy Sacrament? Shall we truly repent, and in our agonizing Hour happily furmount the last, and therefore most vigorous Affaults of Satan? Alas, we know nothing more, than that Death will come as a Thief; and likely then, when we least expect it: It happened fo to the worldly Man mention'd in the Gospel, Thou Fool, this Night shall thy Soul be demanded of thee, Luke xii.

I F our Death were reveal'd to be before the End of this Year; how effectually should we withdraw from this vain World ! with how close a Hand should we carb our Paffions? What Devocions hould we not perform? How ingere and unfeigned would our Con-

fessions and Repentance be? What Virtues should we not embrace? We may be in our Graves before the End of this Month; and ought we in Prudence, to be less solicitous? By Death we enter upon Eternity; O! how much depends on this critical and uncertain Moment?

Examine your felves, and let your Lives be a preparation for this uncertain Hour. Remember, it is he who lives well, dies well. Set your House in Order. Isaiab 38. and reform the most sensible Failings of your Lives; so that, let Death knock when it will, you may be ever ready to say with S. Paul, O Lord, it is what I have defired; I defire to be dissolved, and to be with thee. Phil. i.

III.

Of the Death of the Sinner.

THE Sinner is dying. What Dread opprefles his Confeience! What Anguith feises his Soul! if he cafts an Eye on his

Life past, the Disorders thereof fright him into Despair: It he sues for Mercy, he finds it is in vain: If he thinks on his future Lot, the Judgments of a provok'd GOD

rack his Thoughts.

The Minister comes, he bids him arm against Death with Acts of Devotion: but these are Arms lie knows not how to use: He solicites him to make an Act of Faith; he cannot, for he has seldom entertain'd a Thought of GOD or Heaven: He advises him to raise up his Heart by an Act of Divine Love; alas, it has been too strongly fixed on Creatures! He presses him to make an Act of Resignation, and pay the Tribute of Nature with a sample Submission: To leave the World! O, this it is that galls his Soul. Cruel Death! dost thou thus force me area?

This Death of the Sinner is the most unhappy of Deaths; unhappy, because he is confounded at the Sight of his past Crimes; Unhappy, because he is entring on a miserable Eternity, to be reserved as an Object of his GOD's Indignanation.

for Death. 143

nation. O LORD, let me not die the Death of the Sinner: O receive me into thy Protection in the Day of my Departure: make that Hour favourable to me, and rather let the rest of my Life be sad and sorrowful.

EXAMINE your felves, and by a virtuous, Life, endeavour to avoid the Sinner's Death. Remember what St. Jerom fays, Of Men whose Lives have been habitually Wicked, scarce one shall find Mercy at his Death. We think all well, in Case we get the Assistance of a Church-Man, make Consession of our Sins, or give some Signs of a repenting Heart; but, good GOD! how differing are thy Judgments from those of Men?

IV.

On the Death of the Righteons.

Thas put a happy Period to his Labours; he has confimmented his Victories; he is crown-

LORD is the Death of his . The Saints and Angels stood ready to receive him, and in a plorious Train, accompanyed him to Blifs. O, bleffed Soul! Thou haft triumph'd over Death; no more thalt thou be molested with the vain Threats of a wretched World: No more shalt thou fear the Attempts of Saran or his eternal Torments; thou art fafely entred into the Joys of thy Lord.

Do we defire our Death may be precious in the Sight of GOD, our Lives then must edify the Eyes of Men: Would we die an easy Death. It cannot be, unless we lead a penitential Life. Let us live siously, and we shall die comfortably; et us live in Fear, and we shall ie with Courage. Ah! could we with St. Paul, I die daily to n, to my Paffions; I die daily, to World, and its Vanities; Thus ould we die a happy Death.

RINI 8.

